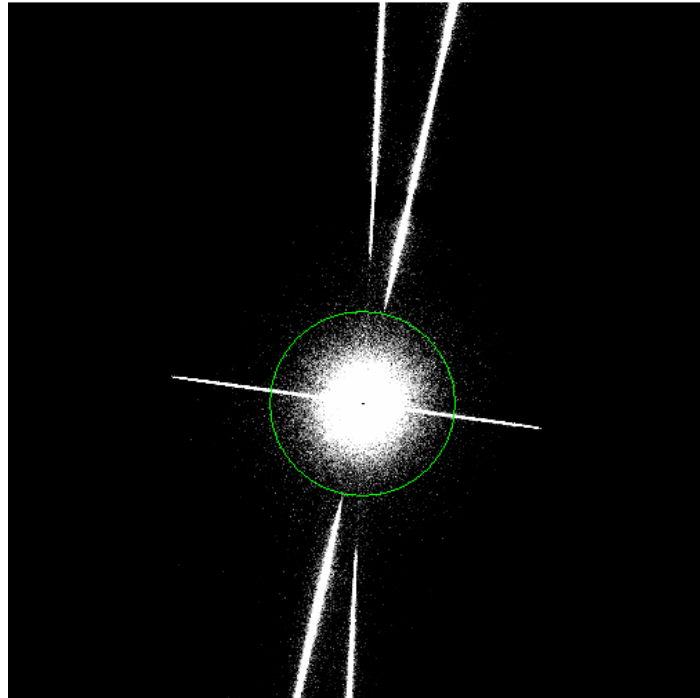


MIT OpenCourseWare
<http://ocw.mit.edu>

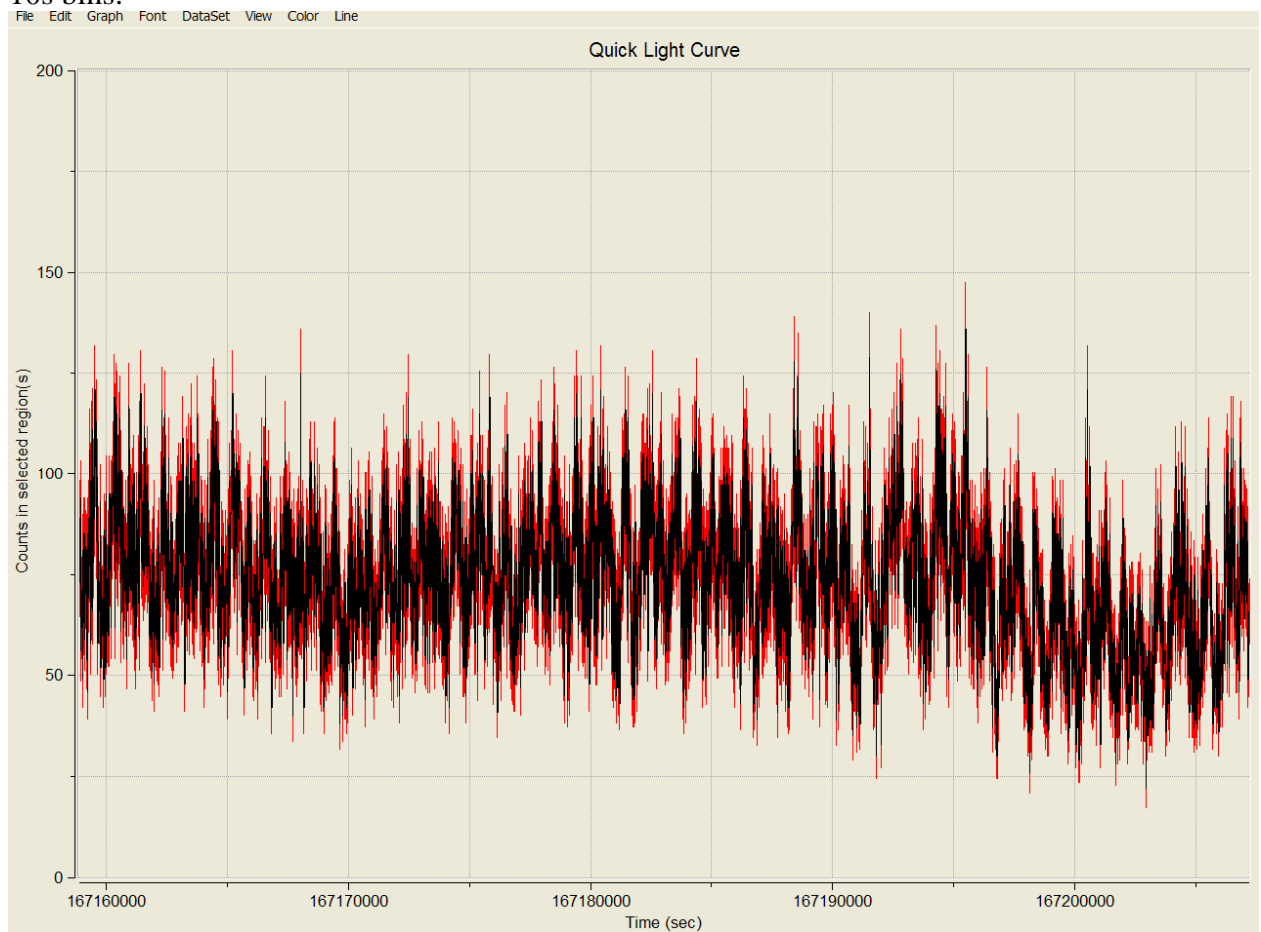
Chandra Astrophysics Institute
Summer 2008

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: <http://ocw.mit.edu/terms>.

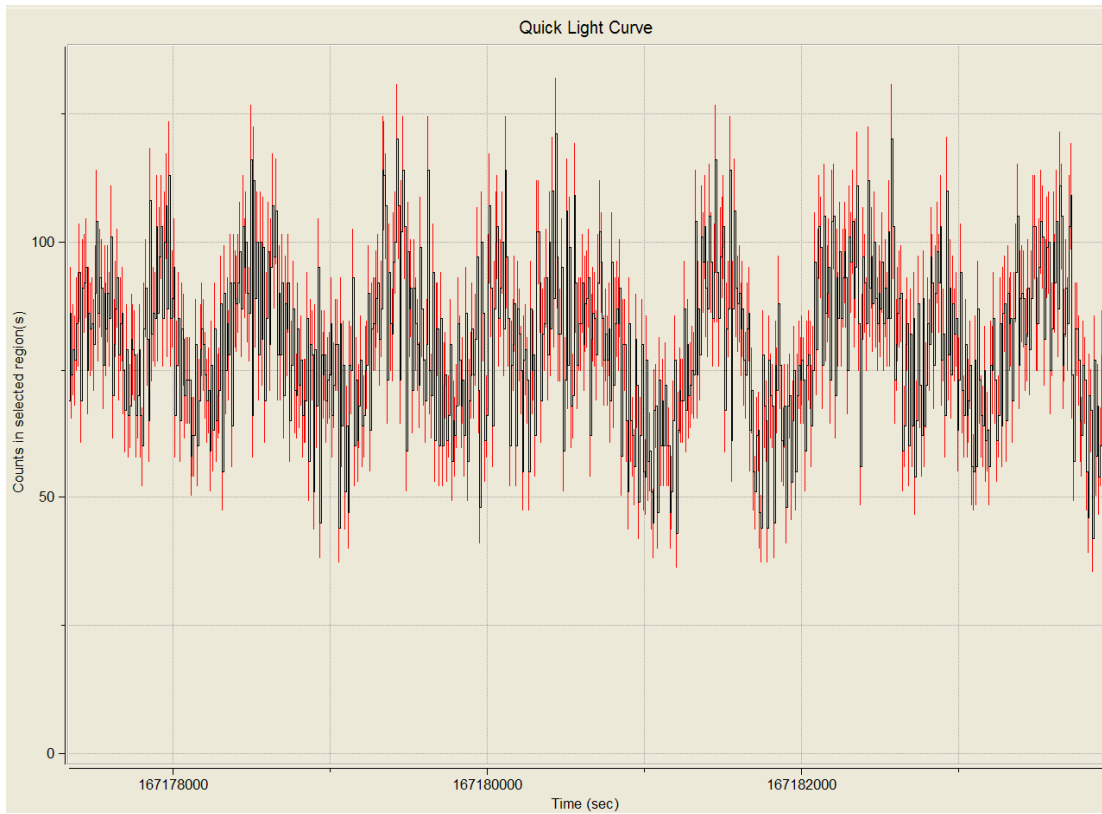
Cyg X-1



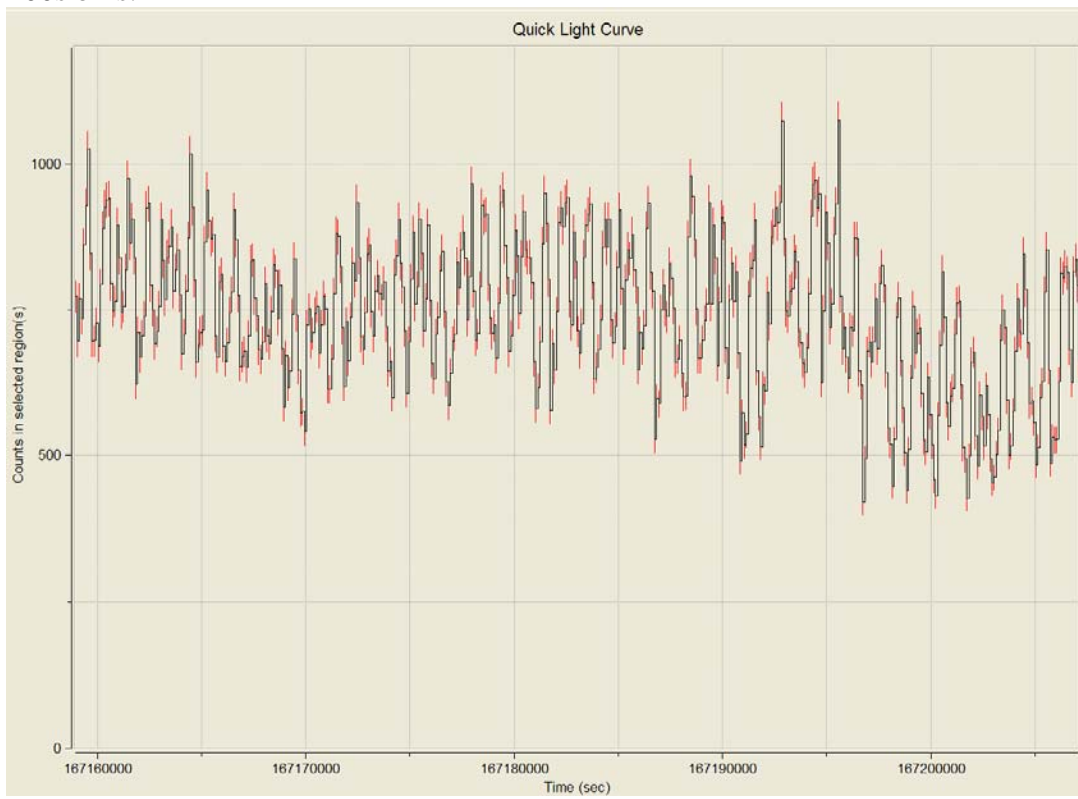
10s bins:



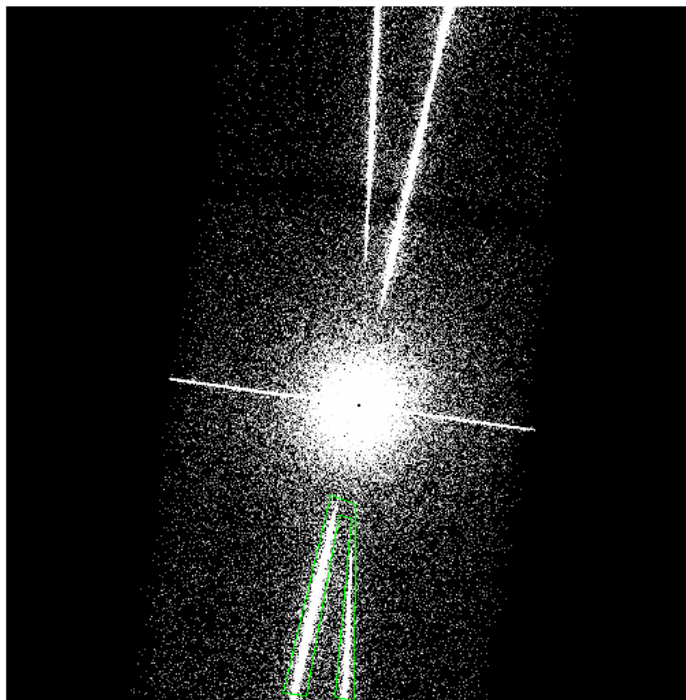
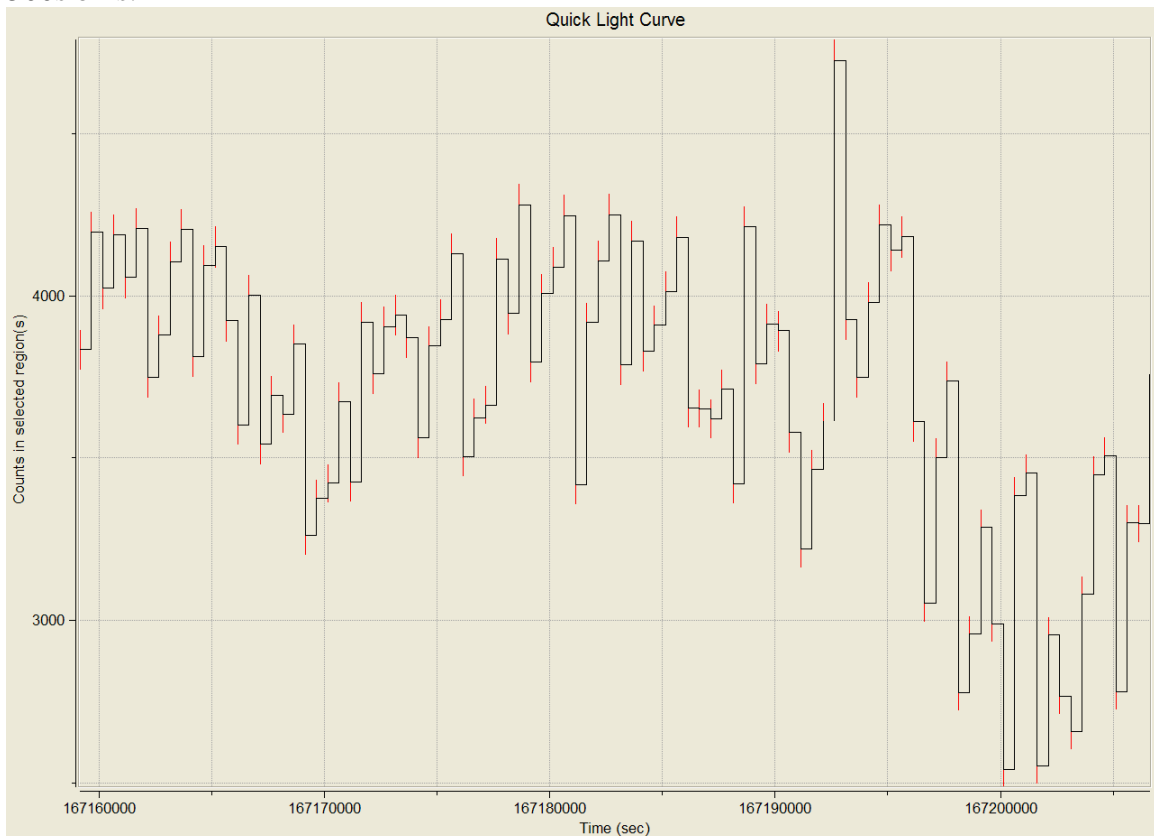
Zoomed:



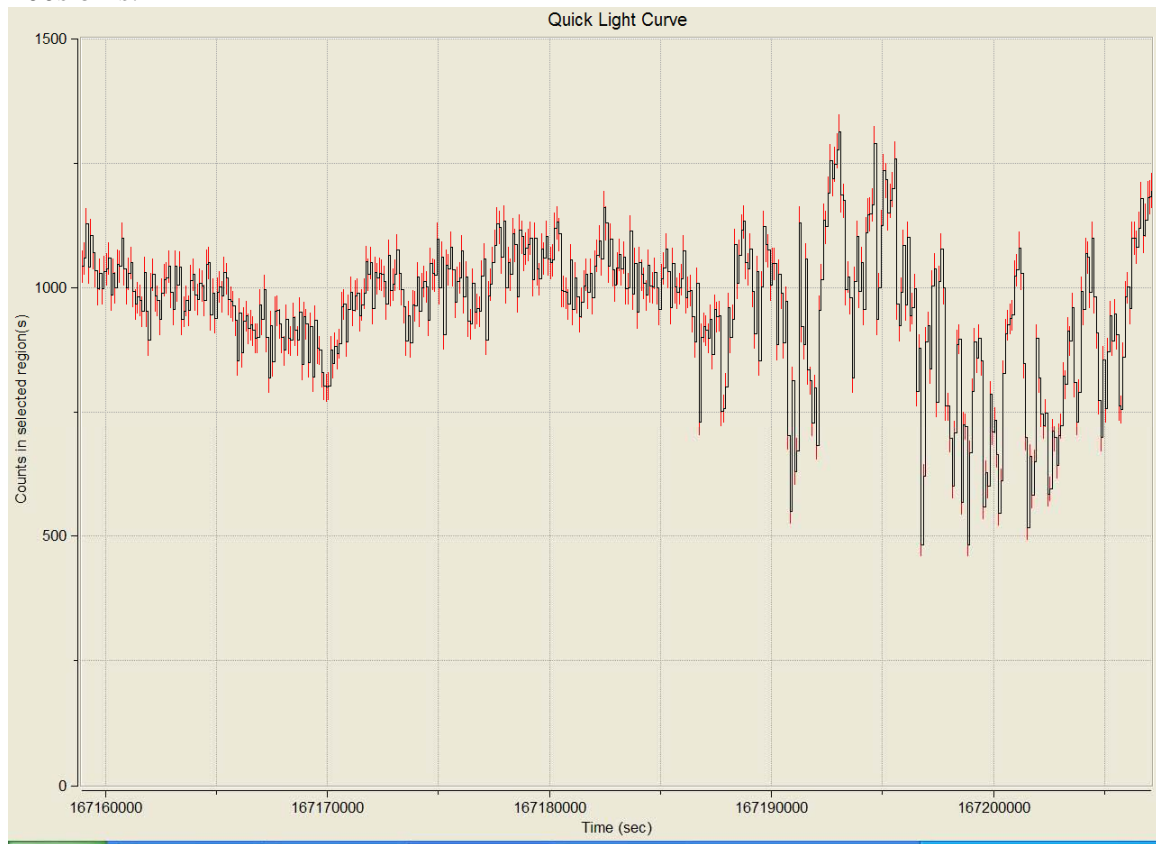
100s bins:



500s bins:



100s bins:

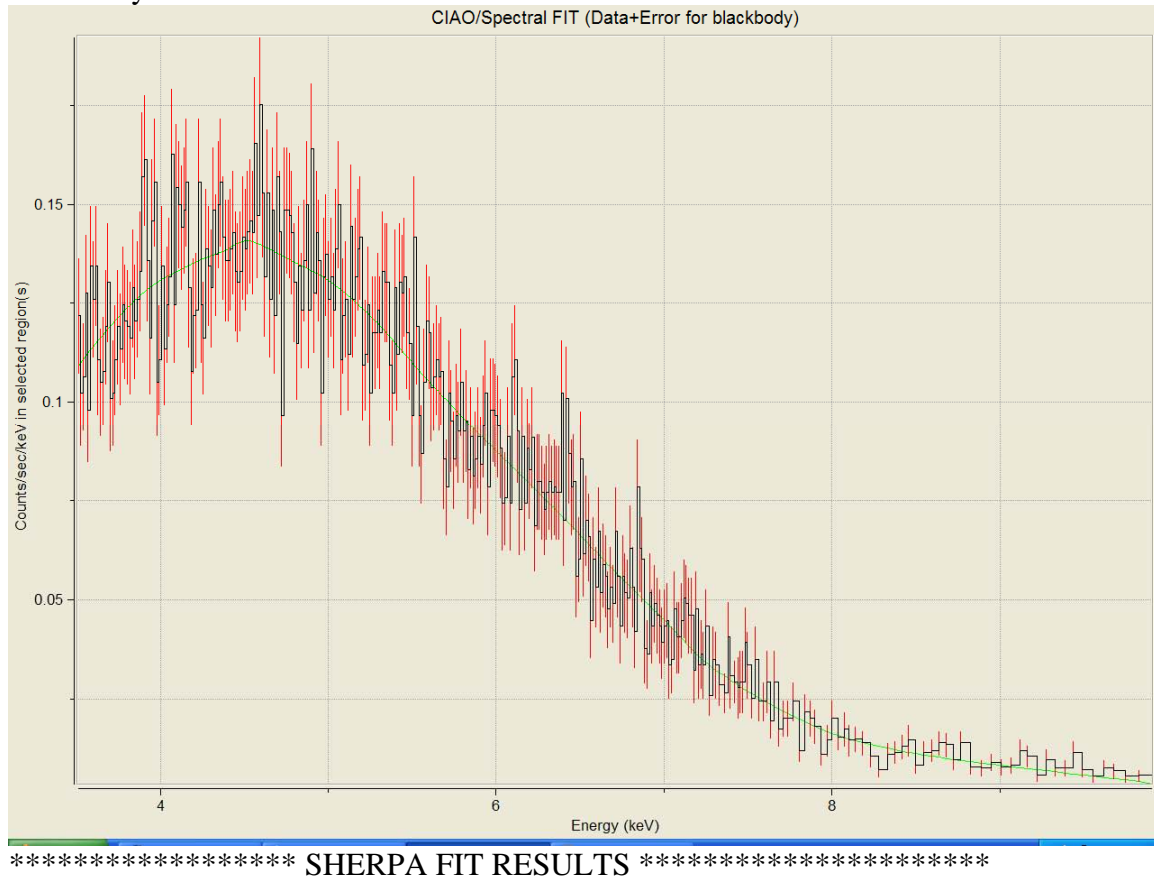


Time=167196000:167205000 (low state)

Central Annulus



Blackbody fit to 3.5:10 keV



Input File: ./3814.fits_1024@4096_1024@4096_1

Model: blackbody

Energy: :3.5,10:

Region:

annulus(4099.5,4024,3,77.815487)

Temperature = 3.99479 keV

Fit performed using absorption model multiplied by selected model.

The first two lines below indicate the predicted flux we receive at Chandra (i.e. what came through the absorbing dust).

The second two lines below indicate the predicted flux from selected model if there was no absorbing dust in the way.

If the model choice is valid, this flux can be used to predict the intrinsic luminosity of the object.

Flux for source dataset 1: 3.9041e-11 ergs/cm2/s**

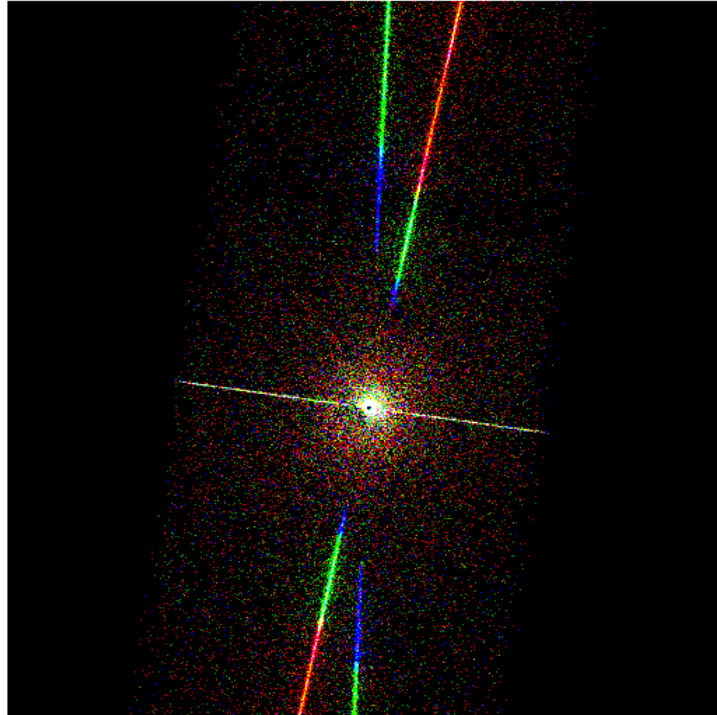
Flux for source dataset 1: 0.00349512 photons/cm**2/s

Flux for source dataset 1: 4.41939e-11 ergs/cm**2/s

Flux for source dataset 1: 0.0044474 photons/cm**2/s

Statistic value = 270.847
Probability [Q-value] = 0.982438
Reduced statistic = 0.841141

3-color image:



To get energy cut images for counts in region/3-color image:

- Use energy cut on original image

- Rebin individual energy images to bin 1 and correct time

Won't work:

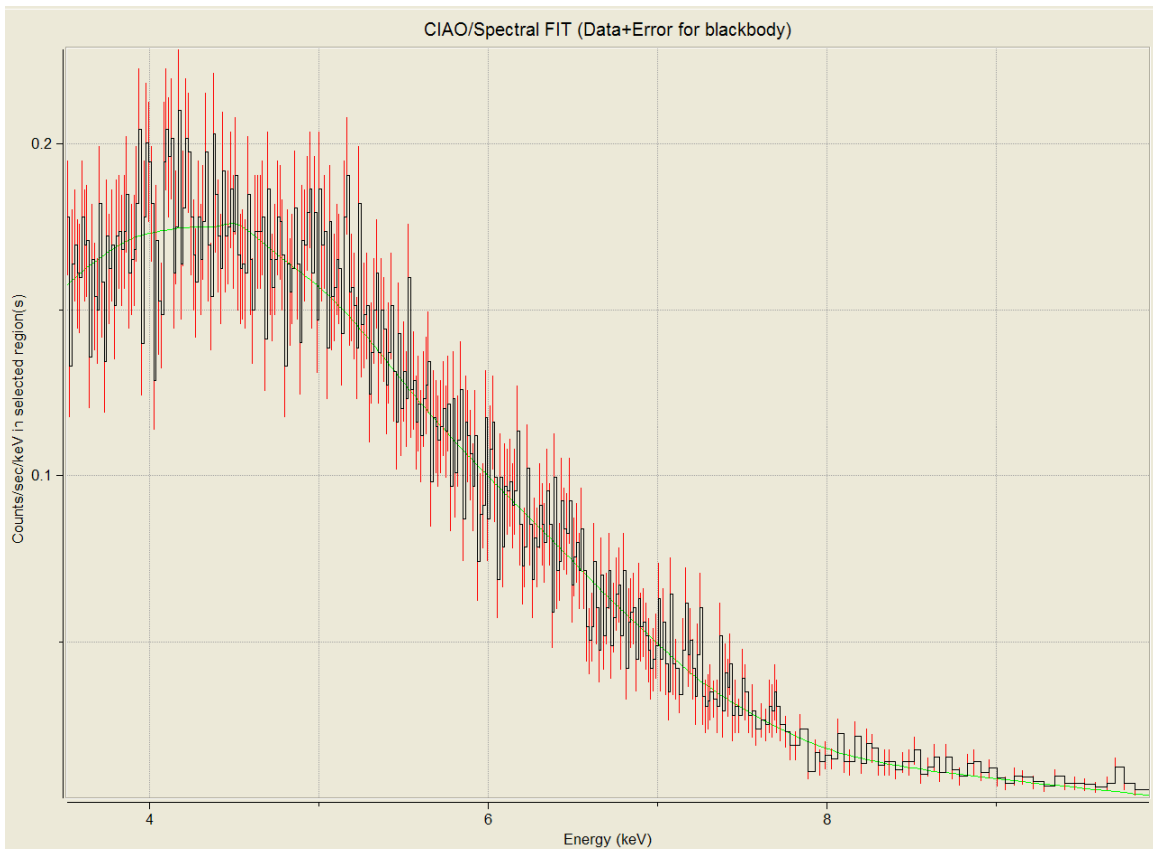
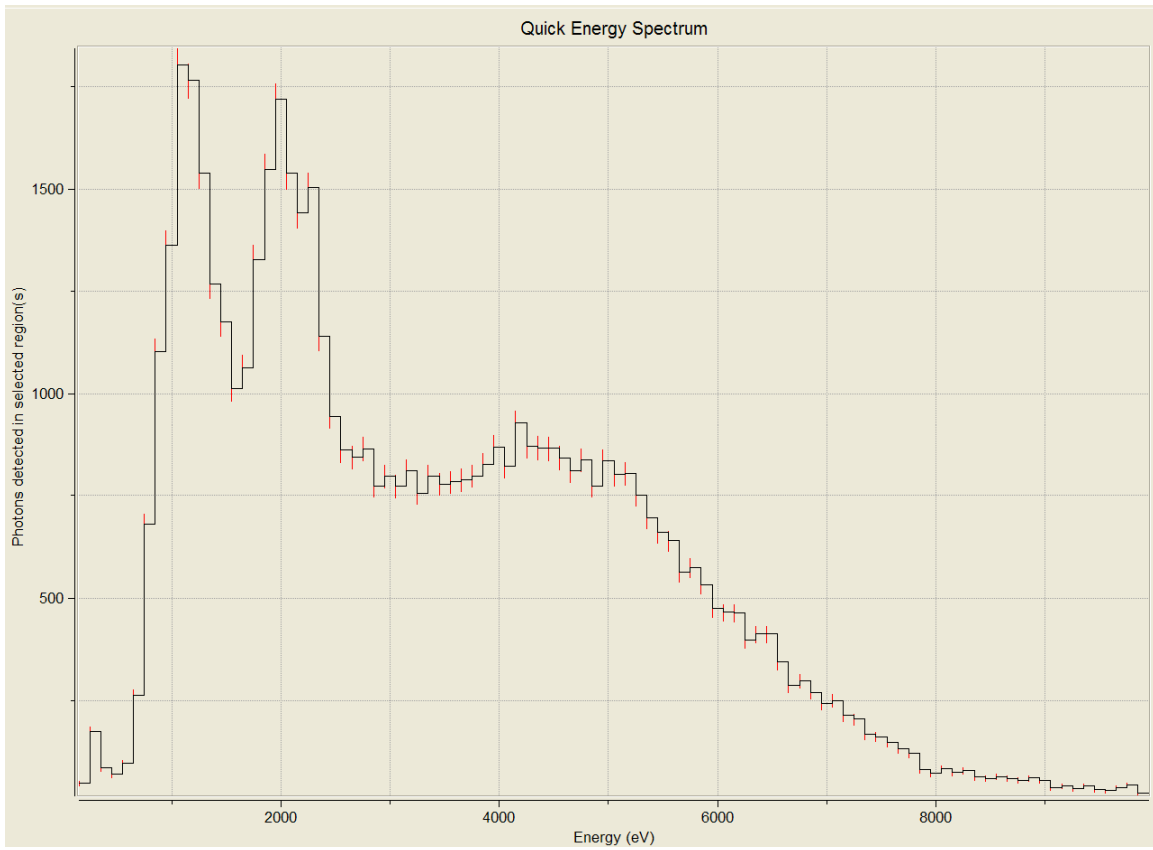
- Rebin original image to energy and time all at once (get same number for all counts in region)

- Rebin original image to bin 1 and time range, then use energy cut to get color images (only selects small square at the center of image)

Results in table below.

High state

Time=167178000:167186000



***** SHERPA FIT RESULTS *****

Input File: ./3814.fits_1024@4096_1024@4096_1

Model: blackbody

Energy: :3.5,10:

Region:

annulus(4100,4025.25,4.7647796,123.7298)

Temperature = 3.71958 keV

Fit performed using absorption model multiplied by selected model.

The first two lines below indicate the predicted flux we receive at Chandra (i.e. what came through the absorbing dust).

The second two lines below indicate the predicted flux from selected model if there was no absorbing dust in the way.

If the model choice is valid, this flux can be used to predict the intrinsic luminosity of the object.

Flux for source dataset 1: 4.40712e-11 ergs/cm2/s**

Flux for source dataset 1: 0.00418624 photons/cm**2/s

Flux for source dataset 1: 4.65334e-11 ergs/cm**2/s

Flux for source dataset 1: 0.00476221 photons/cm**2/s

Statistic value = 296.837

Probability [Q-value] = 0.898131

Reduced statistic = 0.902241

Cyg X-1		6.17E+21			R = .3 to 3.5		
167196000	167205000				G = 3.5 to 6		
					B = 6 to 10		
	R	G	B	Total			
low	20630	17655	6563	45827	5.091888889		L
	0.4501713	0.385253	0.143213		Flux:	4.07E-11	1.95E+34
167178000	167186000						
	R	G	B	Total			
high	34336	20152	6710	62698	7.83725		
	0.5476411	0.321414	0.107021		Flux:	6.27E-11	3.00E+34