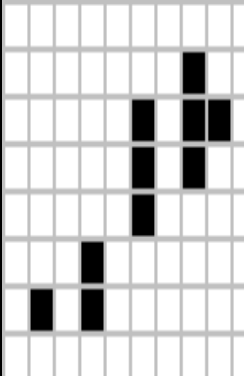




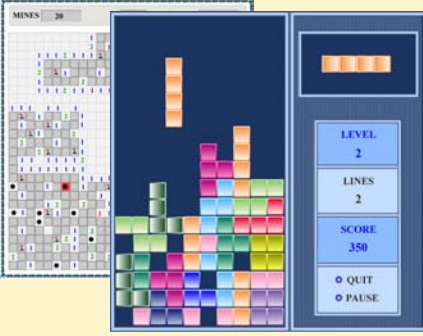
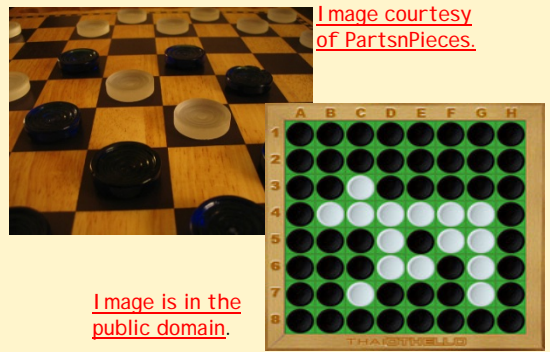



Complexity of Games & Puzzles

[Demaine, Hearn & many others]

unbounded

bounded

	 <p>Courtesy of BigJ_Smack</p> <p>Courtesy of Sam Cancilla. Used with permission.</p>	 <p>Image courtesy of Herman Hiddema</p> <p>Image courtesy of Nguyen Dai</p>	<p>Rengo Kriegspiel?</p>  <p>Courtesy of Glenn Peters. Used with permission.</p>
<p>PSPACE</p>	<p>PSPACE</p>	<p>EXPTIME</p>	<p>Undecidable</p>
 <p>Image courtesy of Jason Whittaker.</p>	 <p>Images by MIT OpenCourseWare.</p>	 <p>Image courtesy of PartsnPieces.</p> <p>Image is in the public domain.</p>	<p>bridge?</p>  <p>Image courtesy of Marie-Lan Nguyen.</p>
<p>P</p>	<p>NP</p>	<p>PSPACE</p>	<p>NEXPTIME</p>

0 players
(simulation)

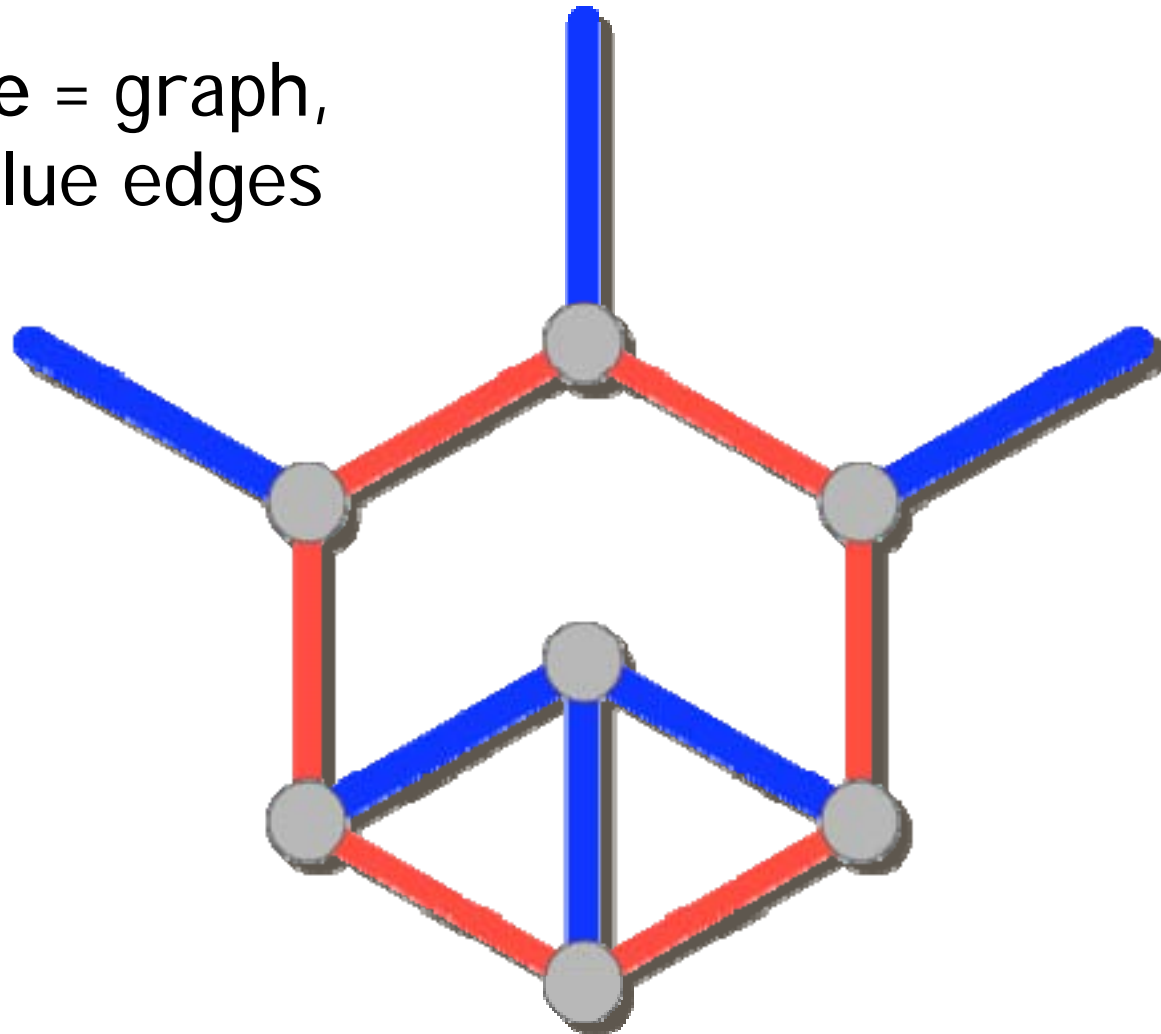
1 player
(puzzle)

2 players
(game)

team,
imperfect info

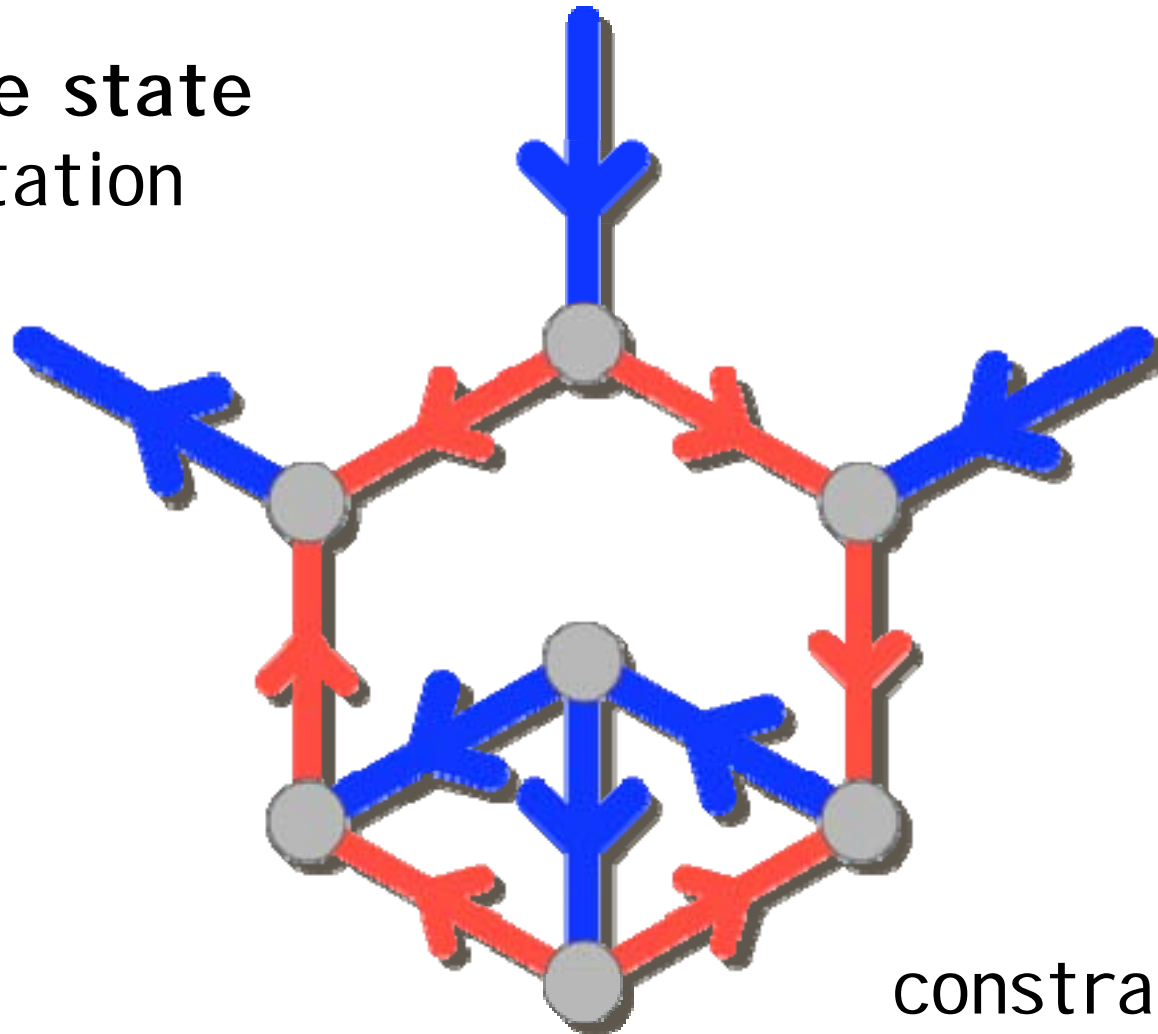
Constraint Graphs

Machine = graph,
red & blue edges



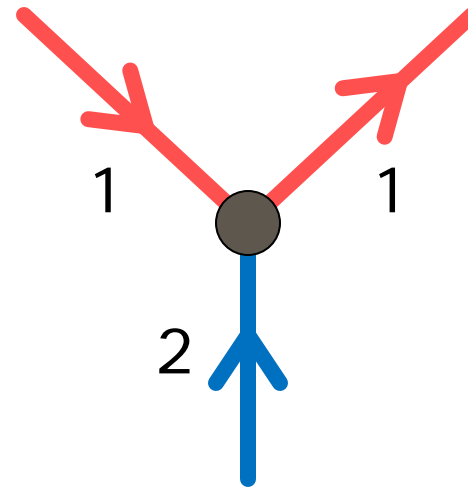
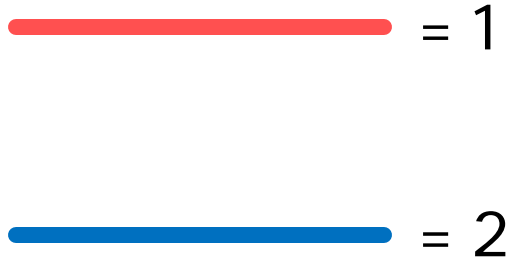
Constraint Graphs

Machine state
= orientation



constraint graph

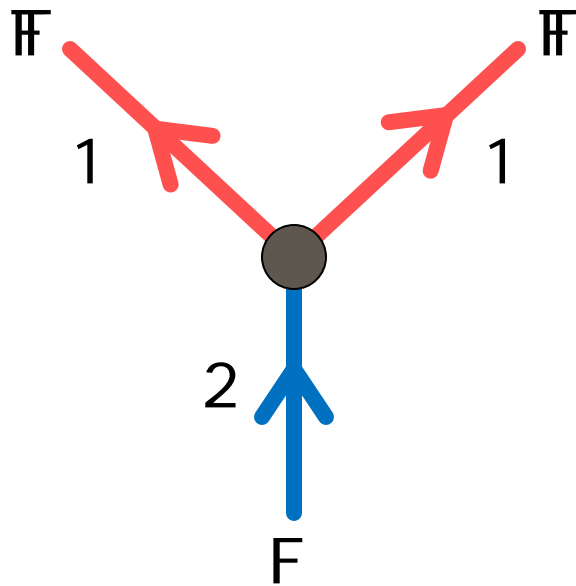
Constraint Logic



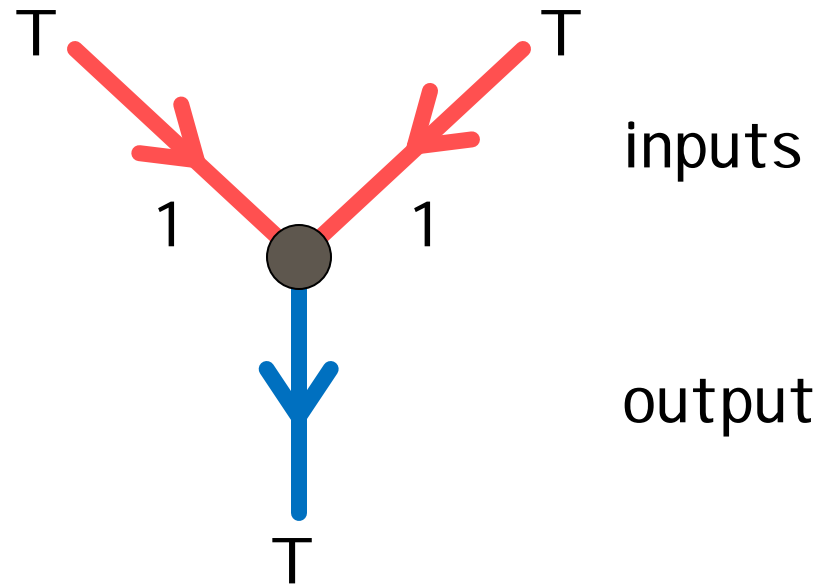
Rule: at least 2 units incoming at a vertex

Move: reverse an edge, preserving Rule

AND vertex



not your usual
AND gate!

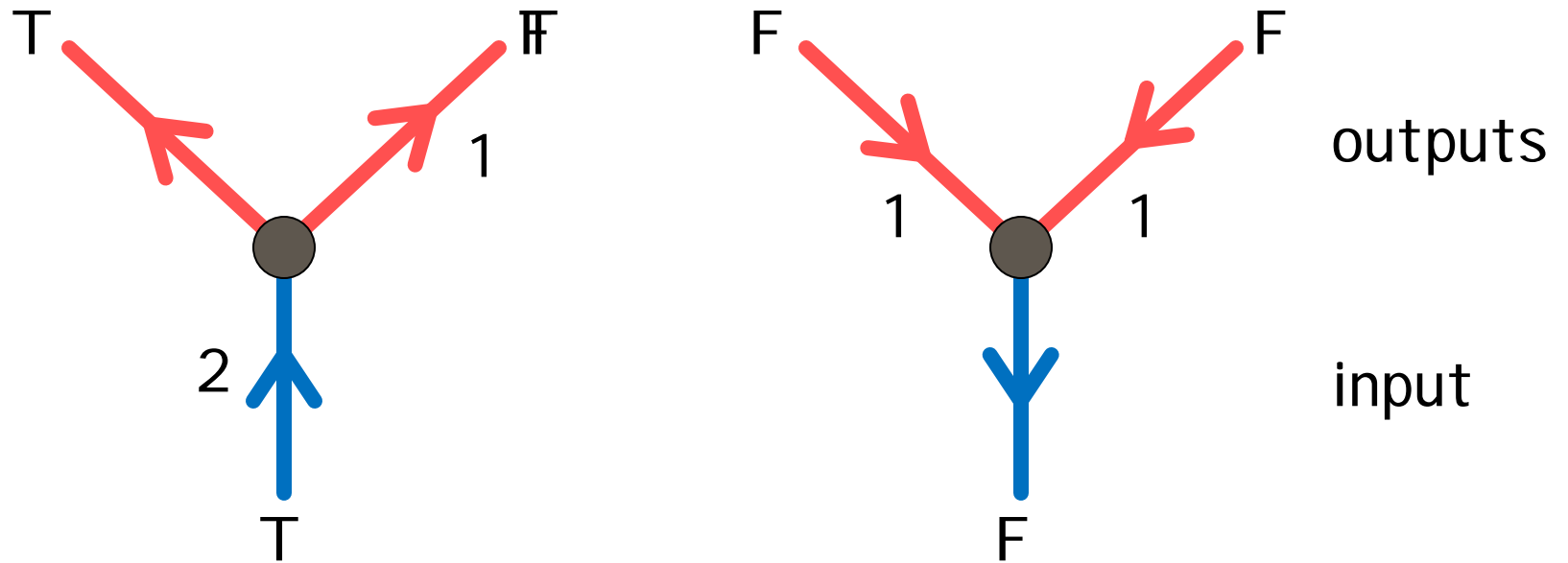


inputs

output

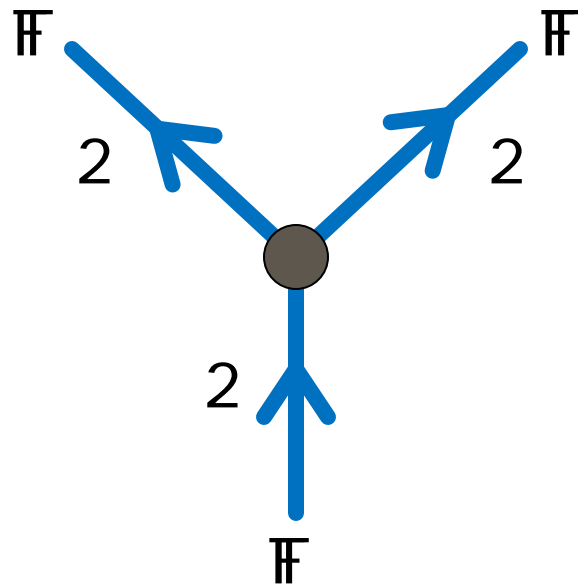
Rule: at least 2 units
incoming at a vertex

SPLIT vertex

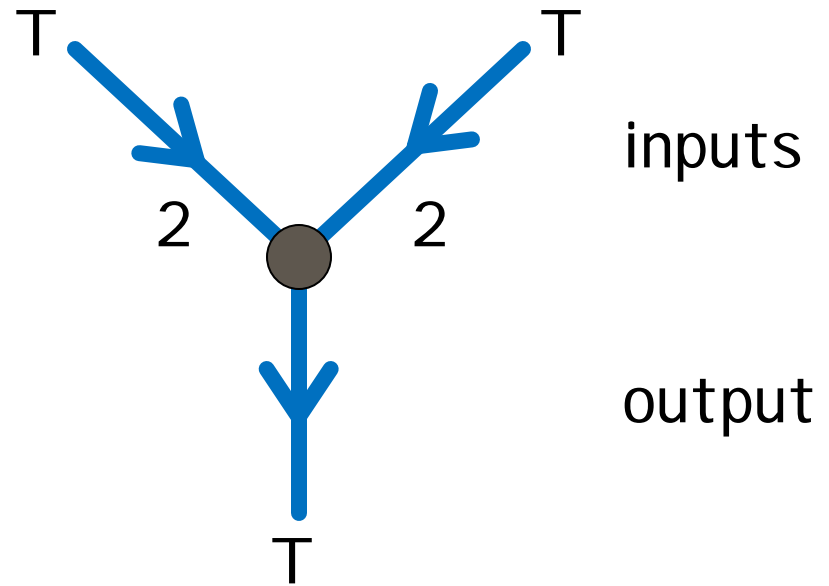


Rule: at least 2 units incoming at a vertex

OR vertex



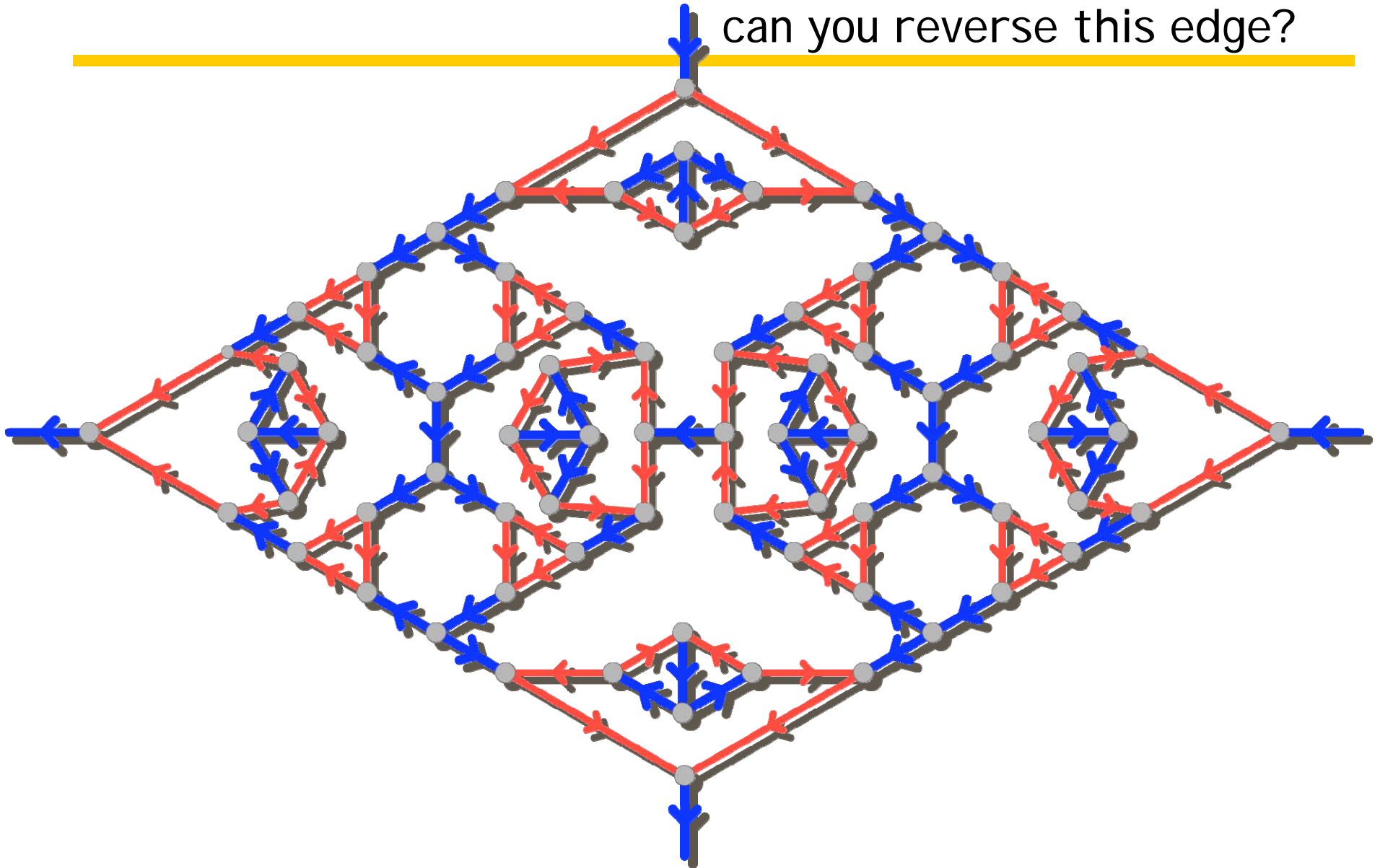
not your usual
OR gate!



Rule: at least 2 units
incoming at a vertex

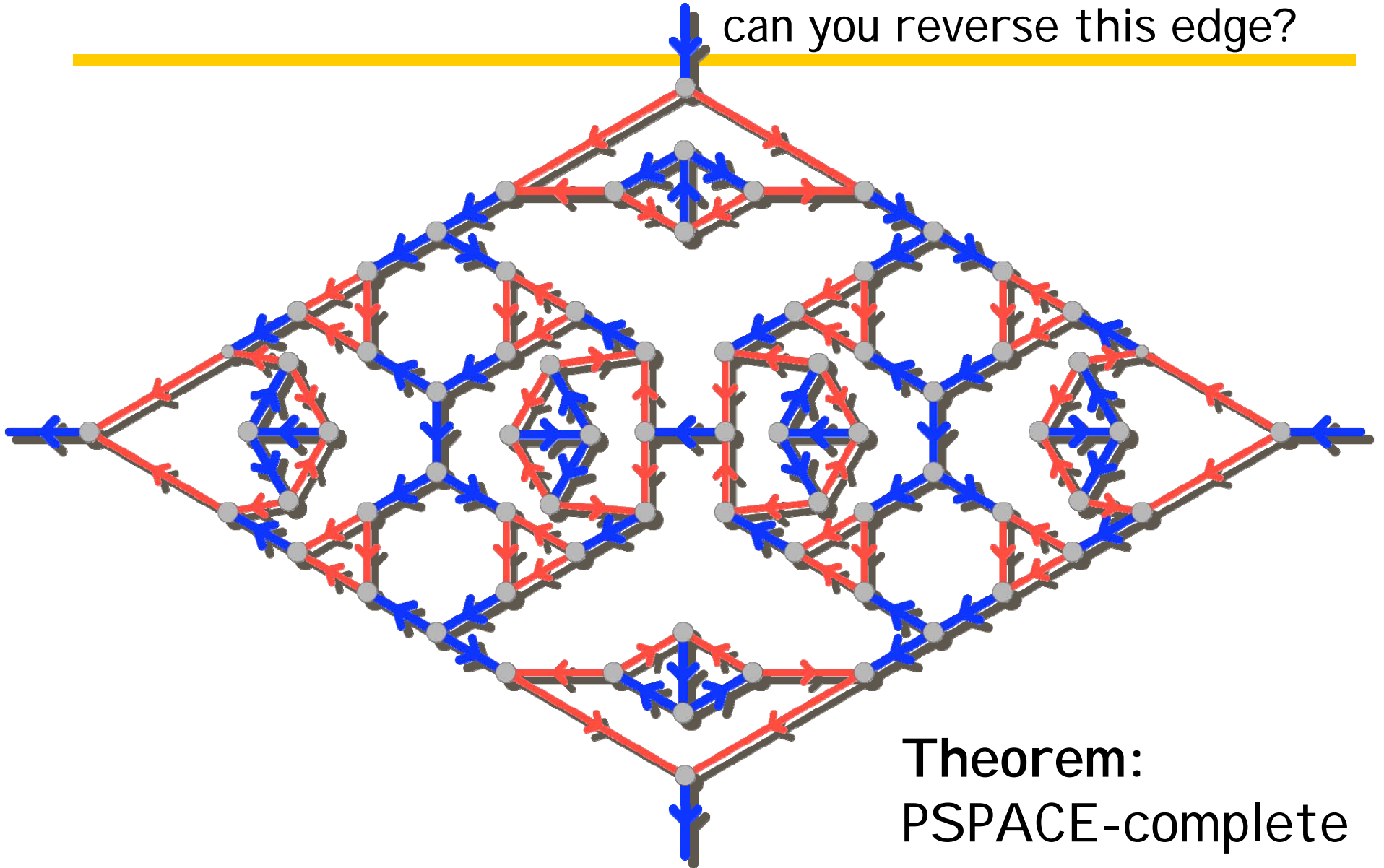
Decision Problem

can you reverse this edge?



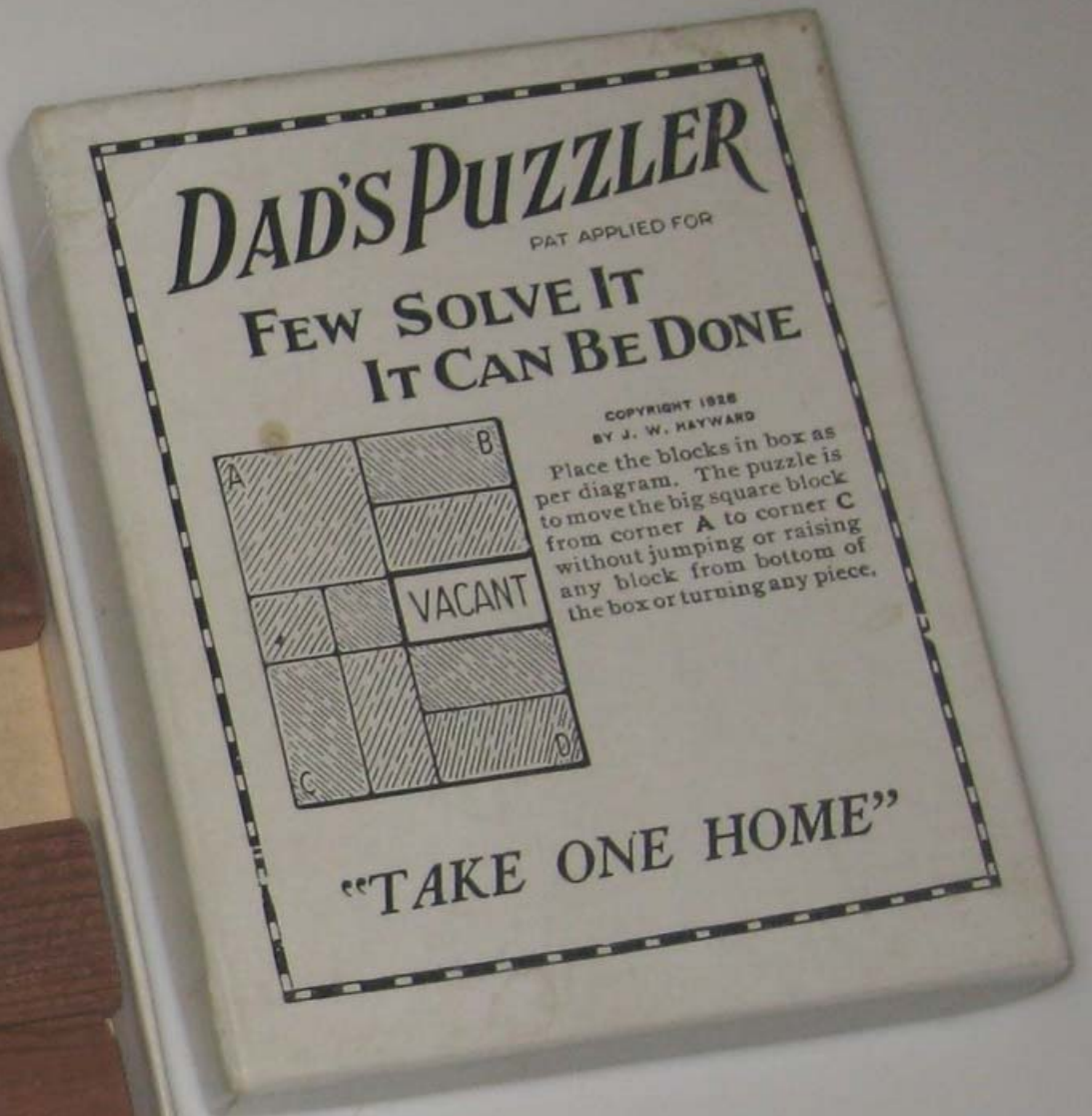
Decision Problem

can you reverse this edge?



Theorem:
PSPACE-complete

Sliding-Block Puzzles

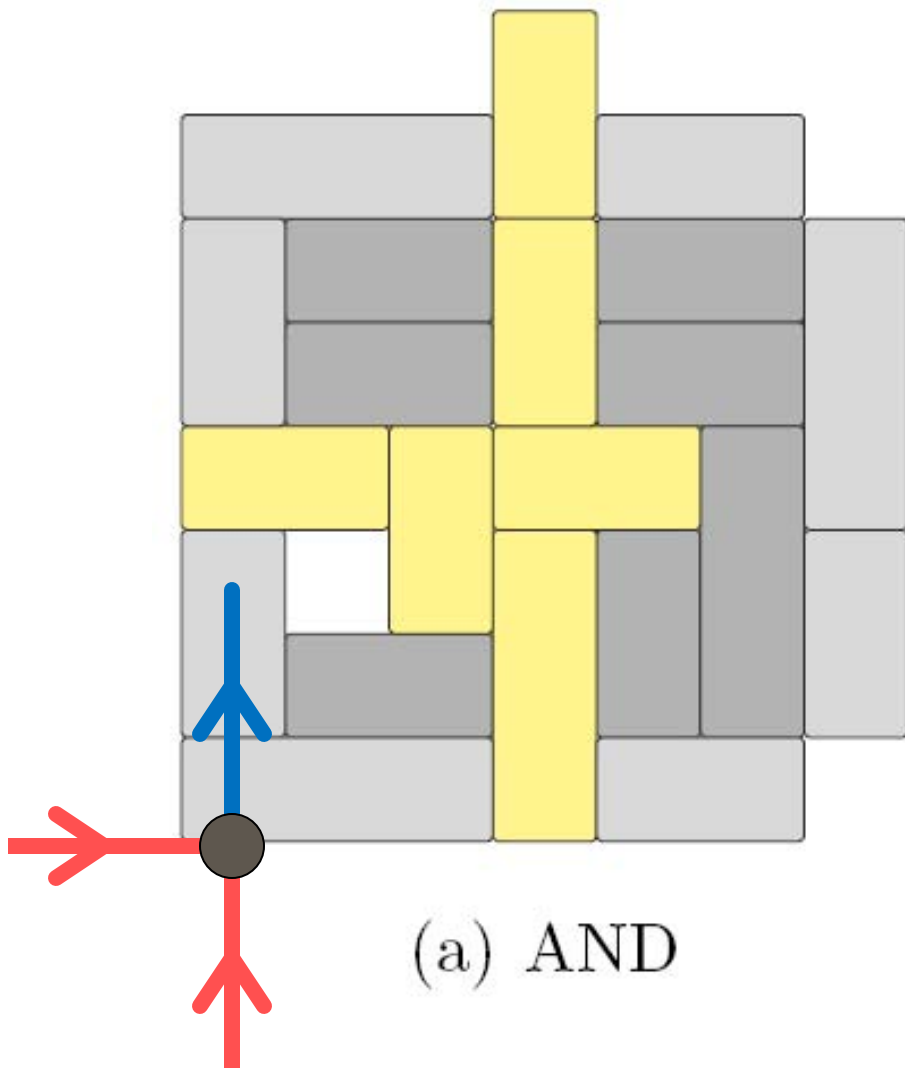


Courtesy of [Dr. Jim Storer](#). Used with permission.

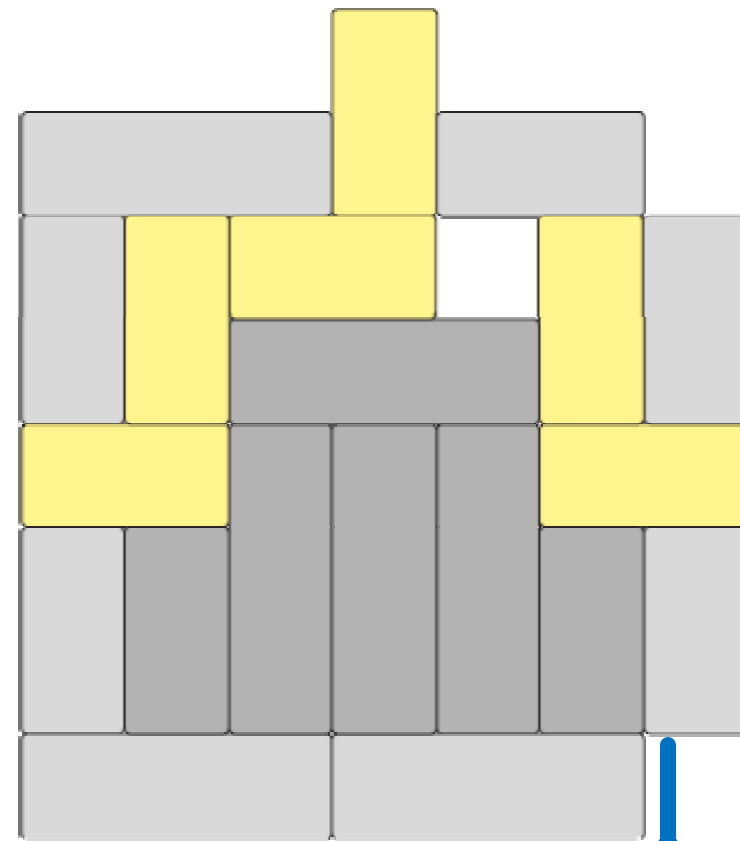
Sliding-Block Puzzles

[Hearn & Demaine 2002]

Corollary:
PSPACE-complete



(a) AND

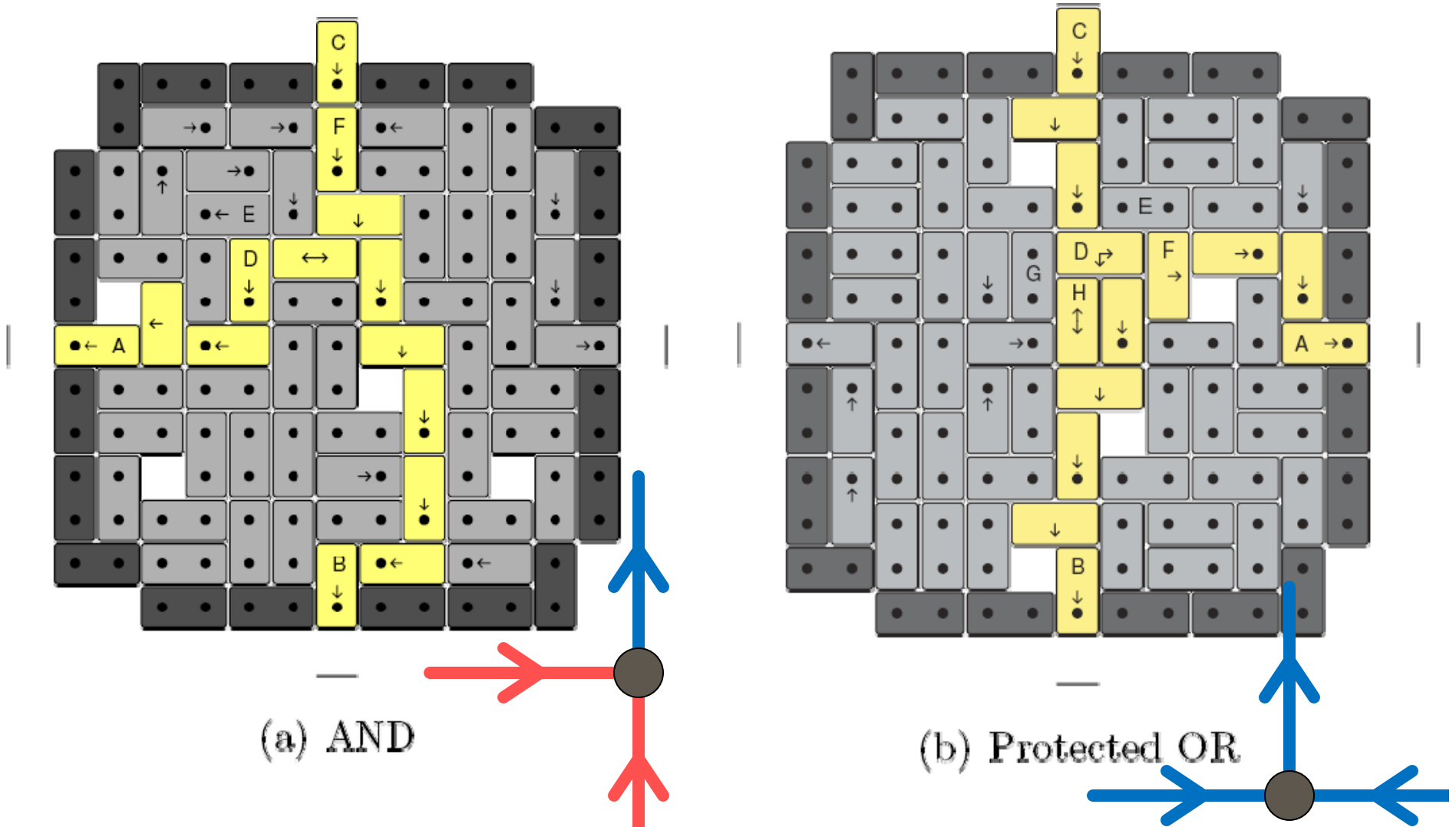


(b) OR

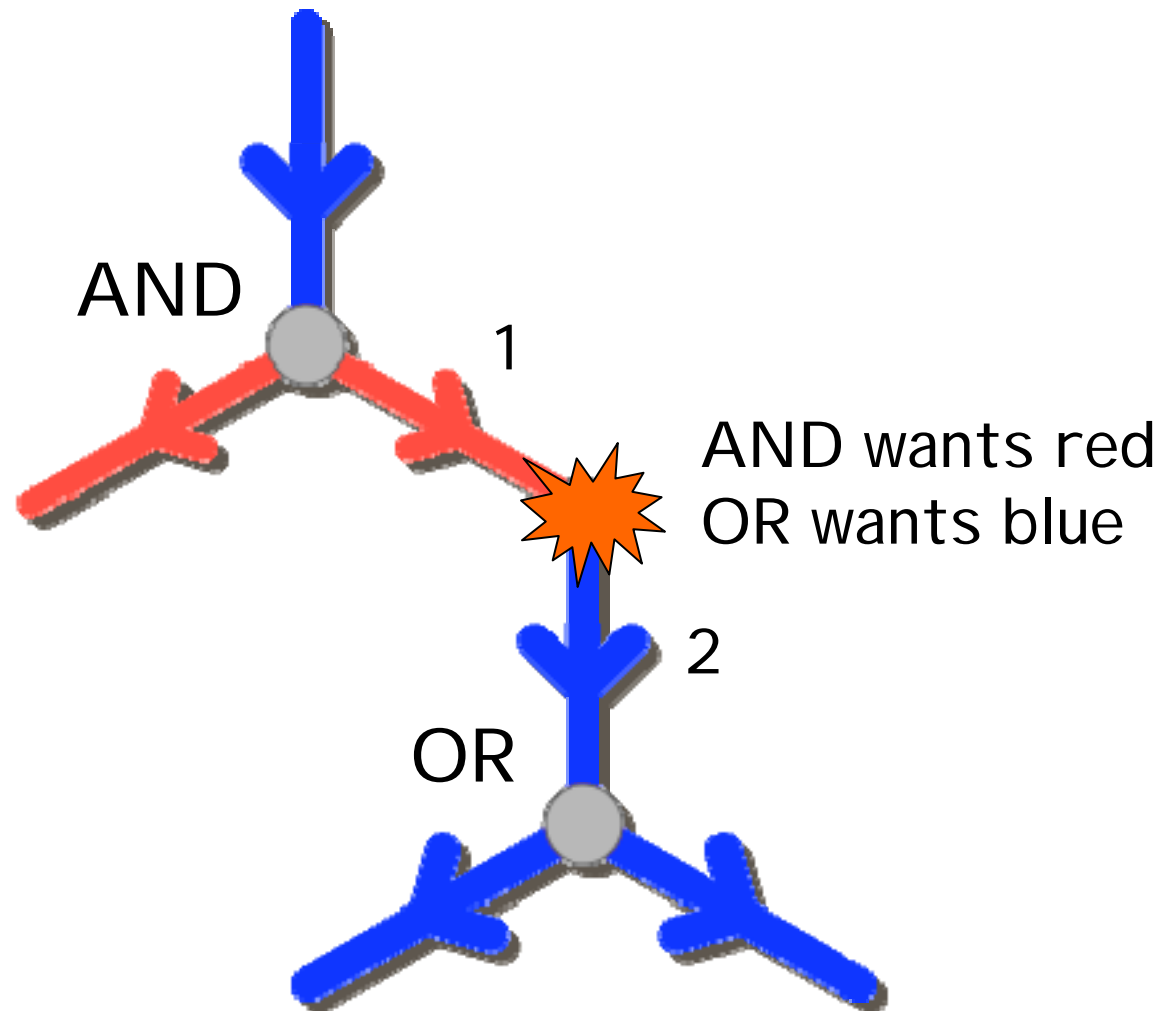
Sliding-Block Puzzles

[Hearn & Demaine 2002]

Corollary:
PSPACE-complete



Wiring Vertices Together

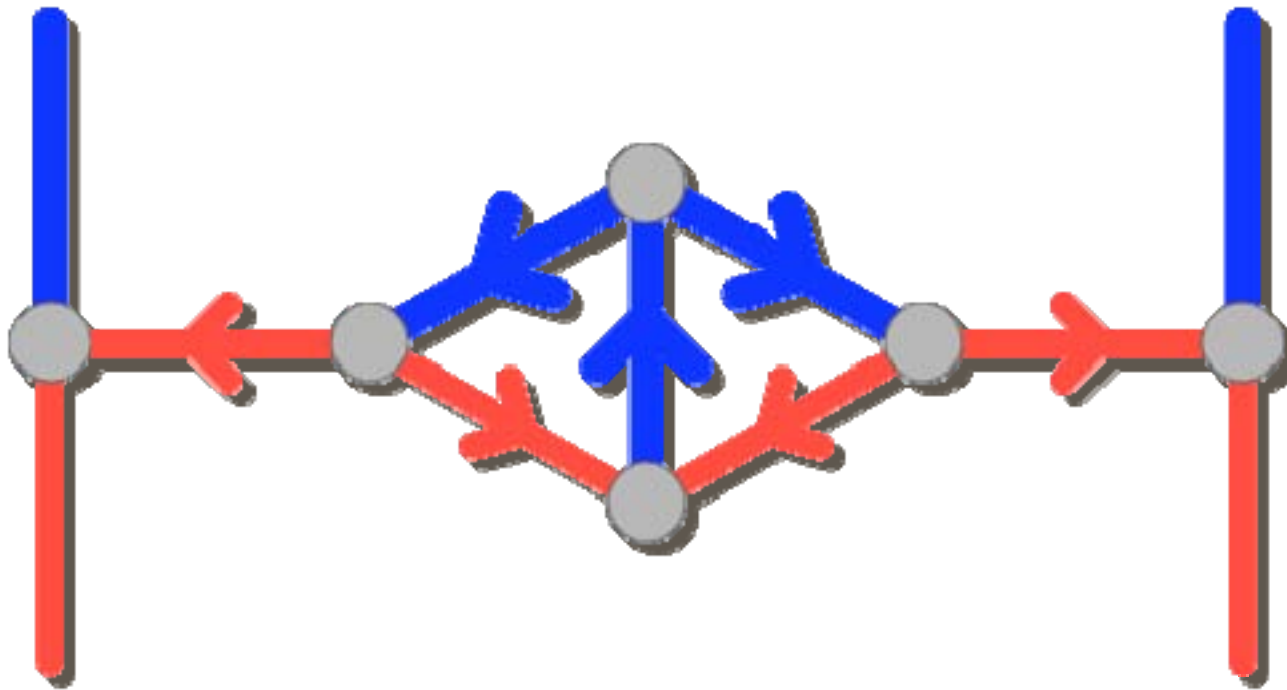


Red-Blue Conversion



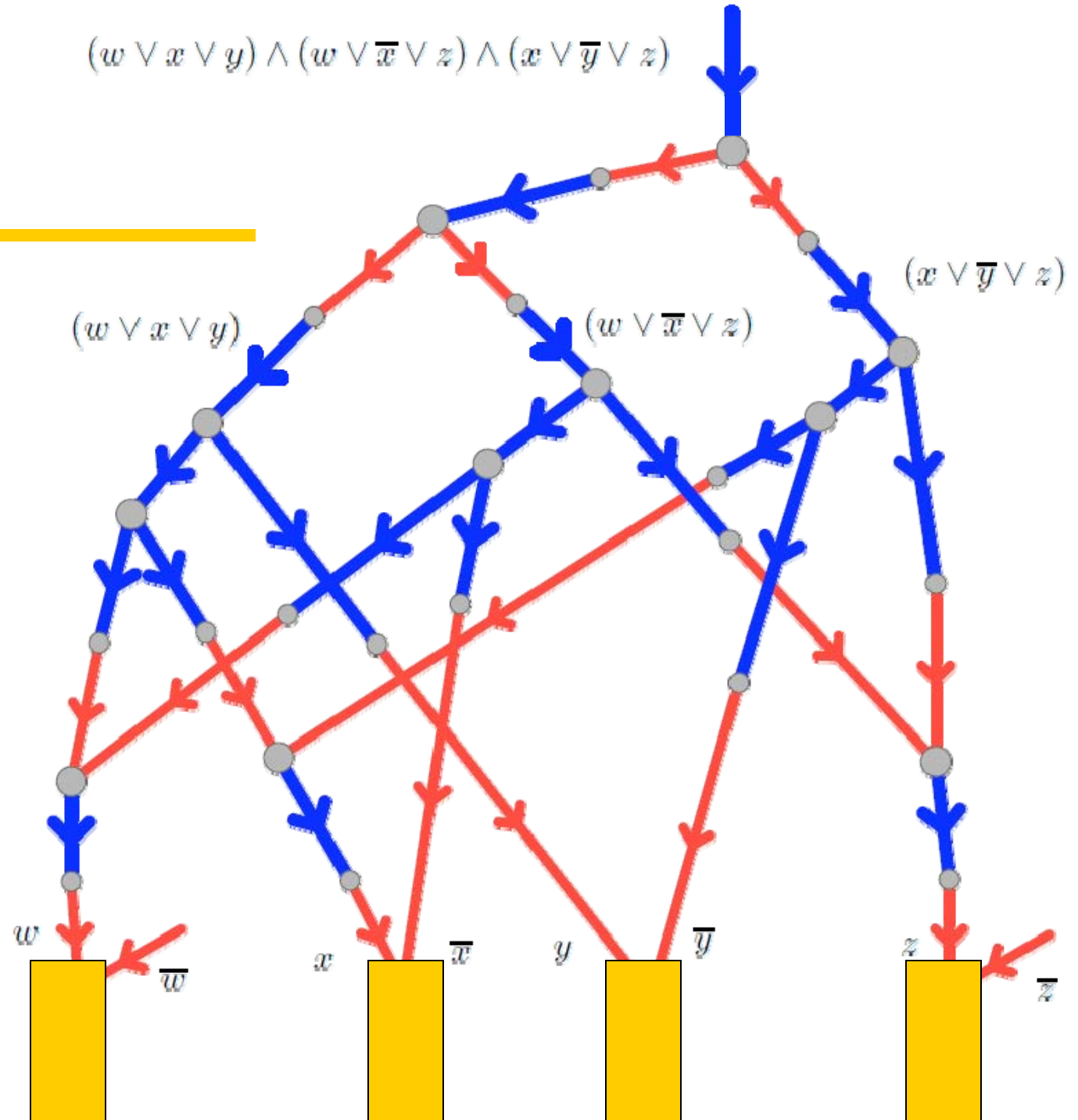
assume an even number of conversions

Red-Blue Conversion



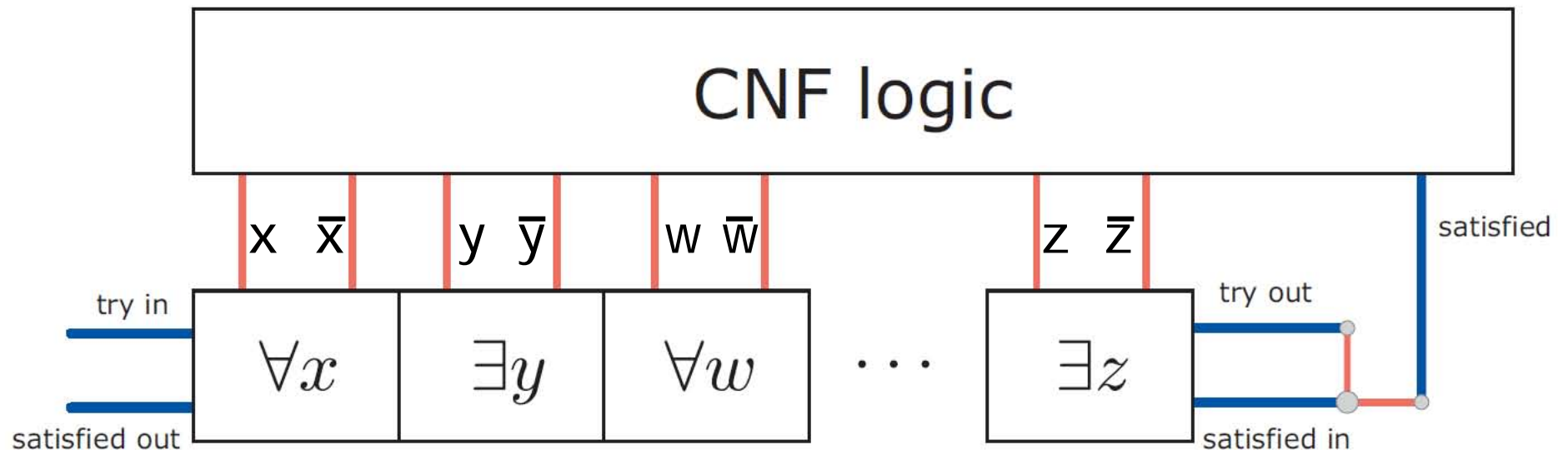
assume an even number of conversions

Boolean Formulas

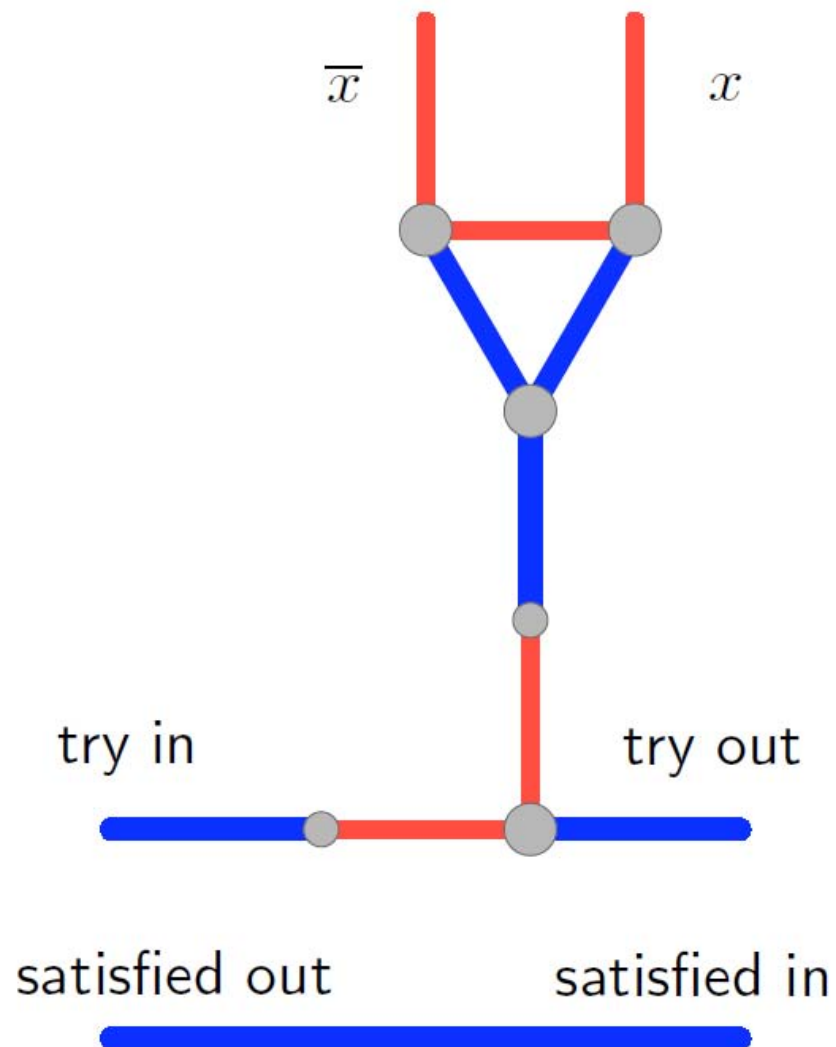


Quantified Boolean Formulas (QBF)

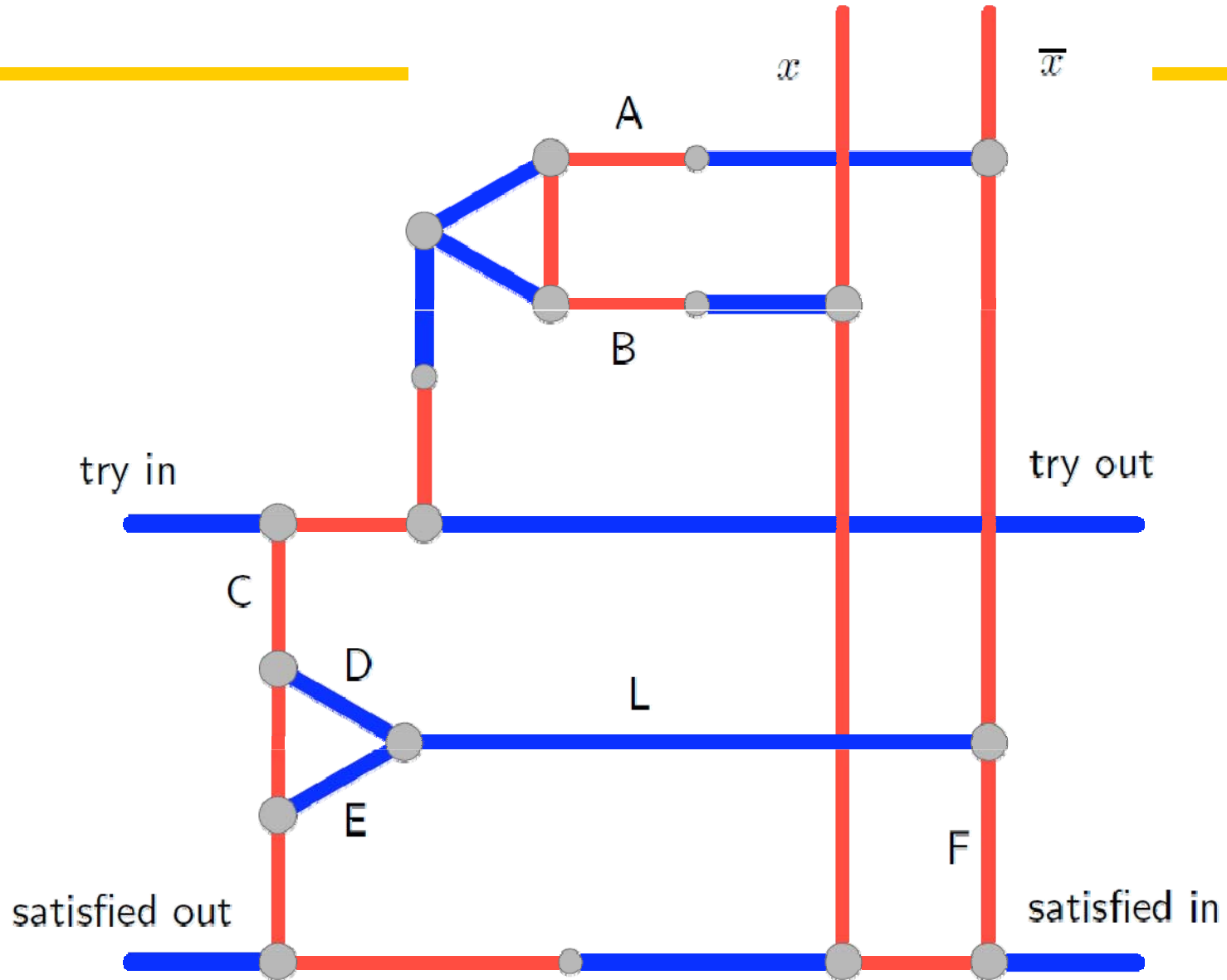
$$\forall x \exists y \forall w \dots \exists z [(x \vee y) \wedge \dots \wedge (\bar{z} \vee x \vee \bar{w})]$$



Existential Quantifier

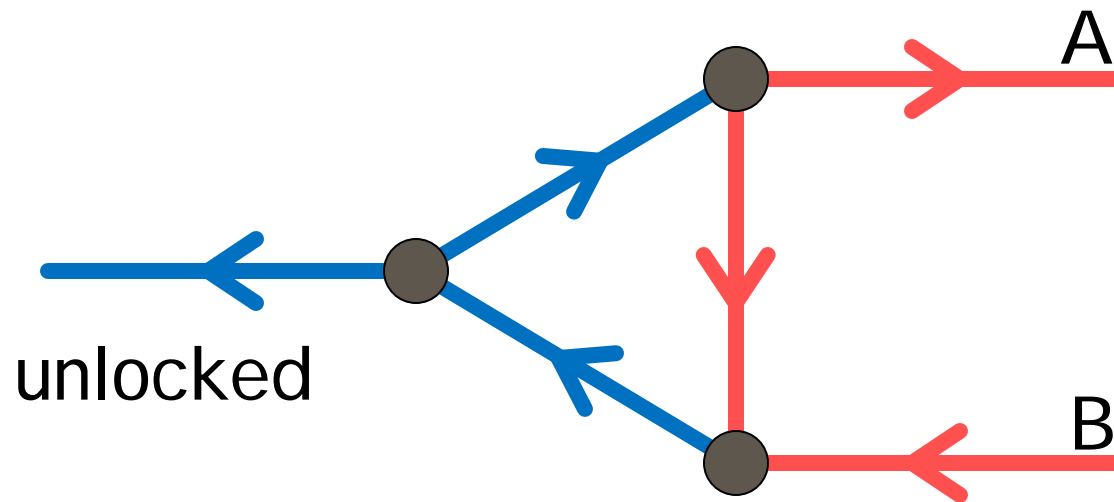


Universal Quantifier



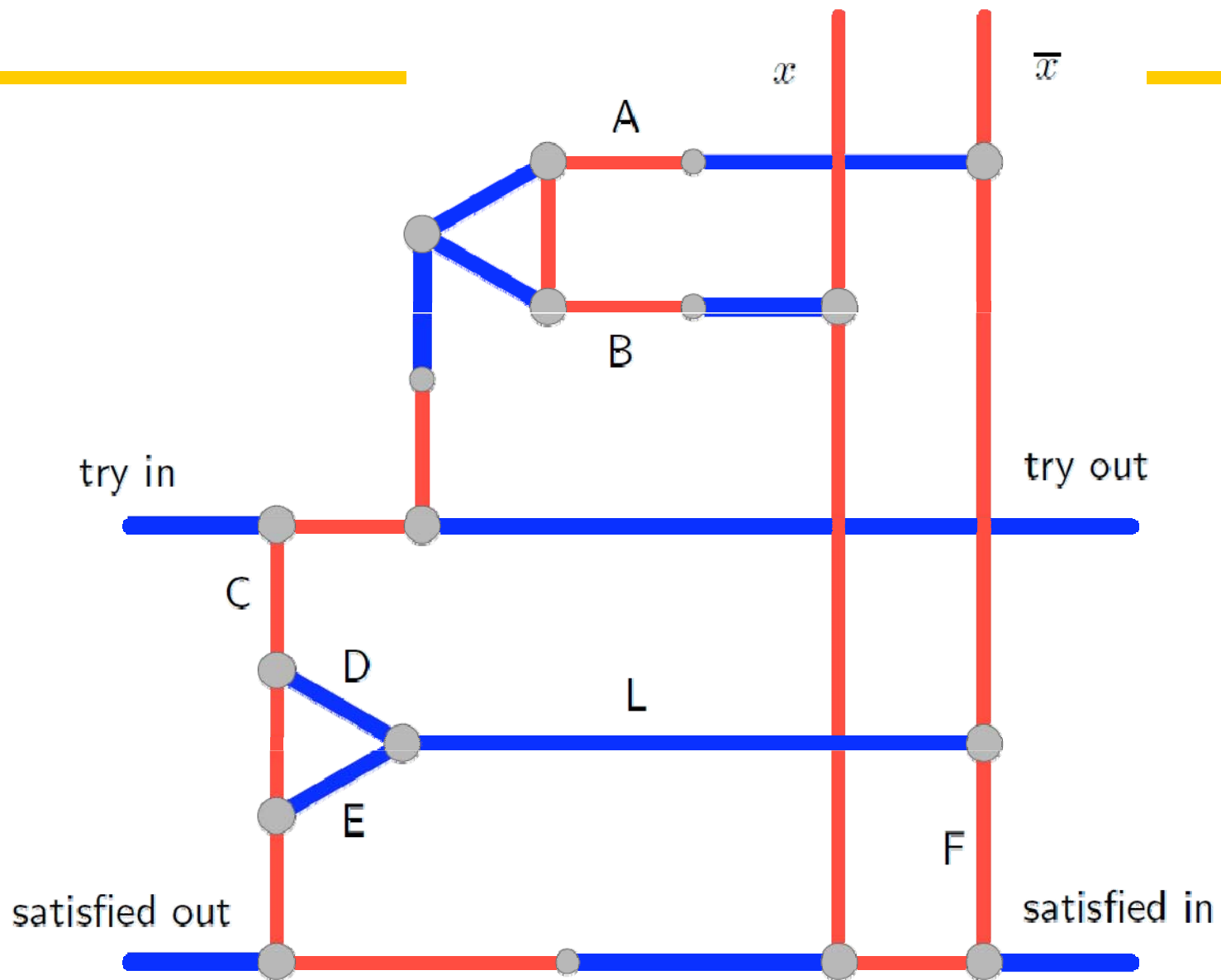
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Latch

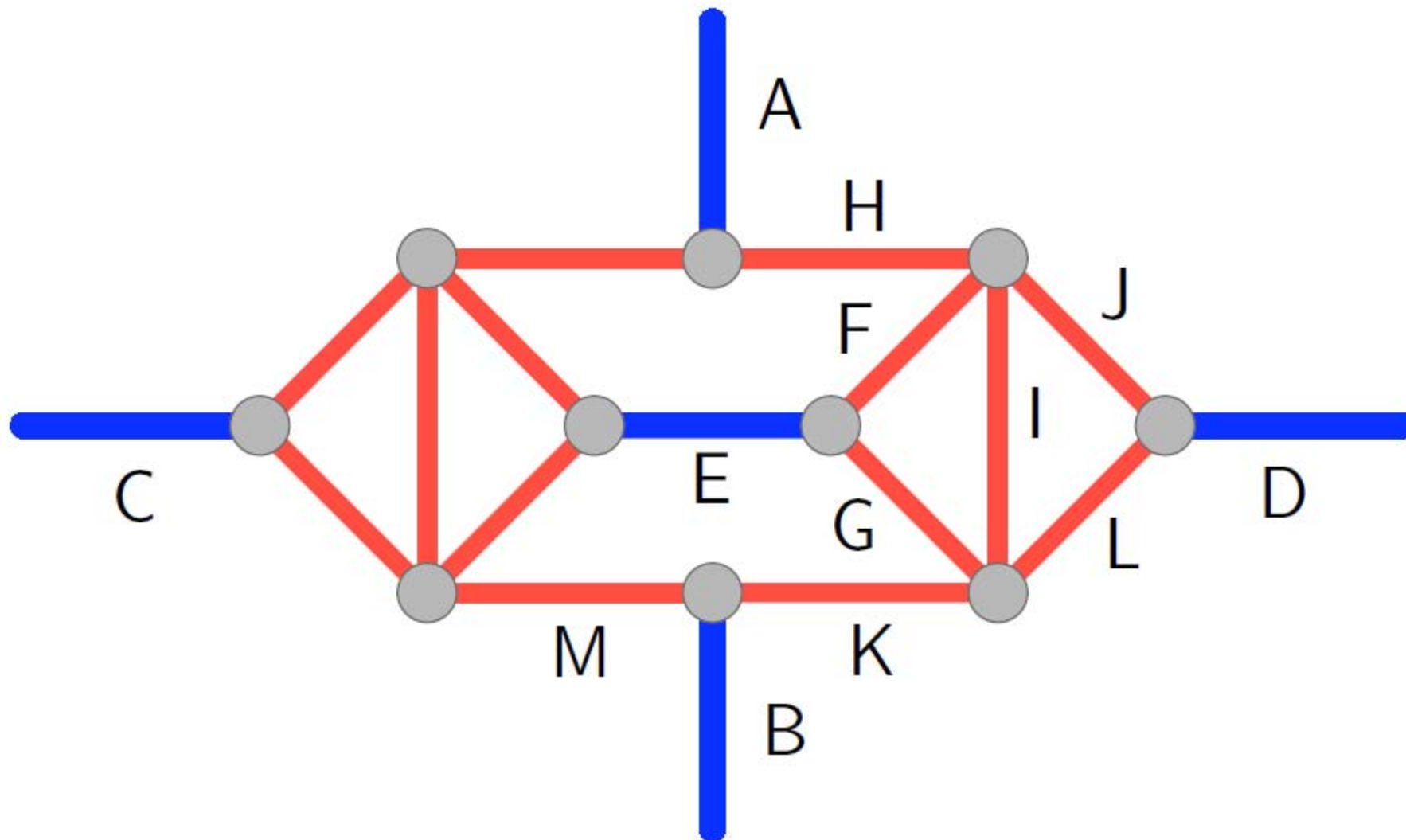


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Universal Quantifier

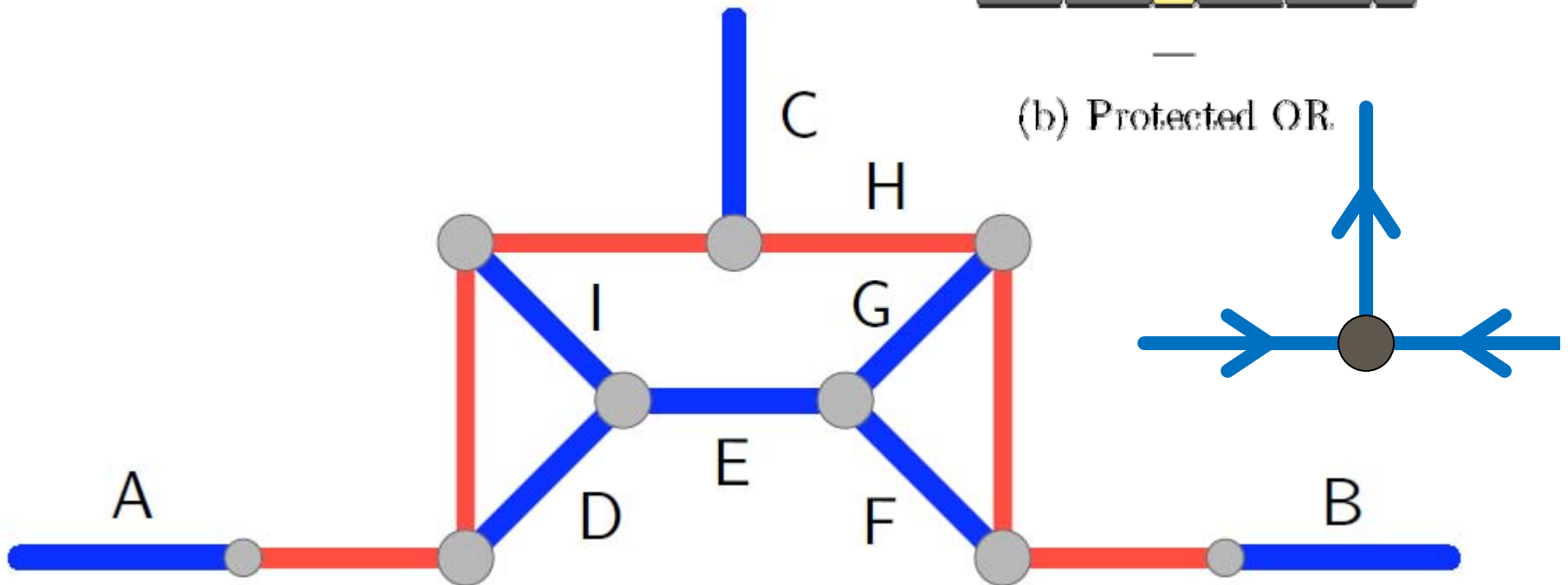
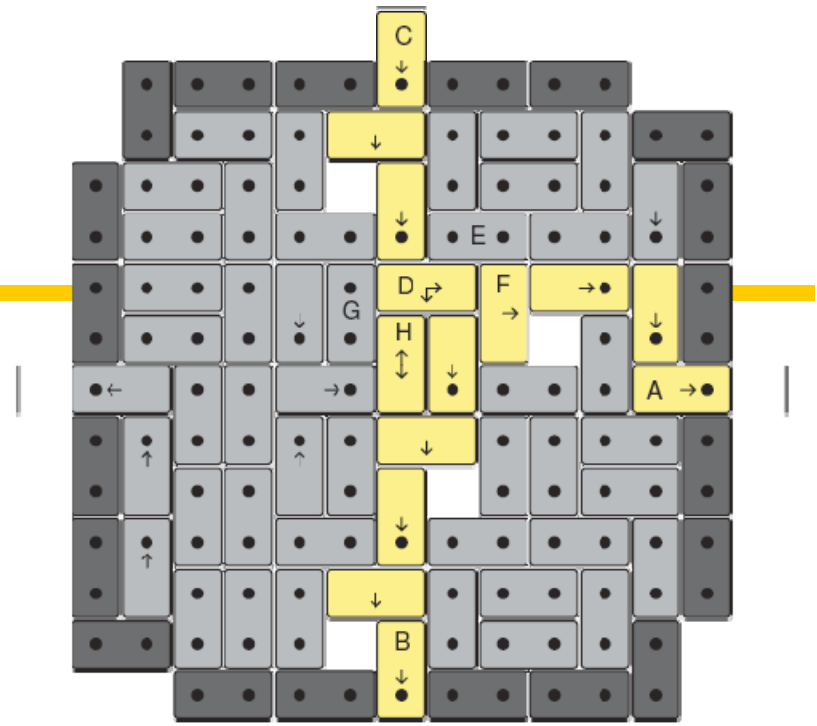


Crossover Gadget



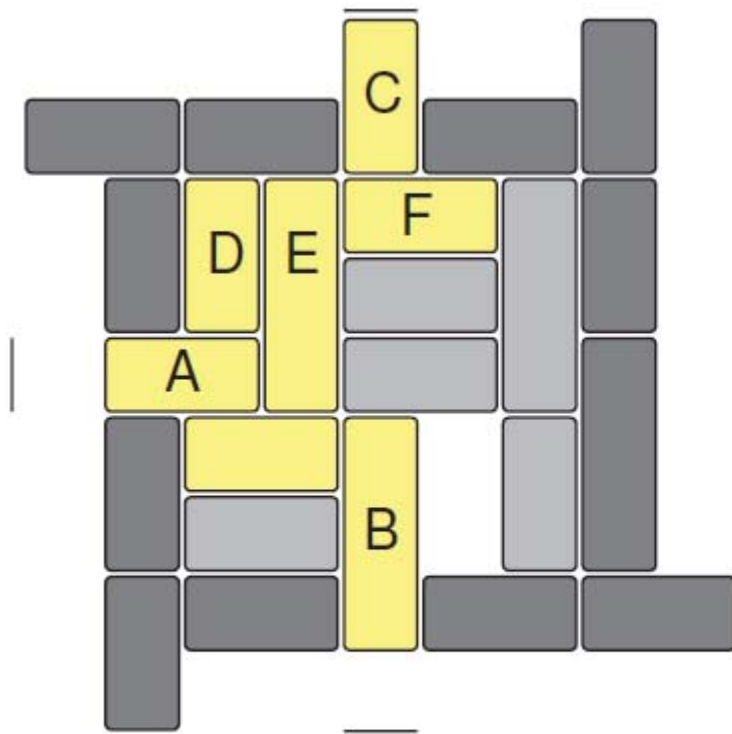
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OR from Protector OR

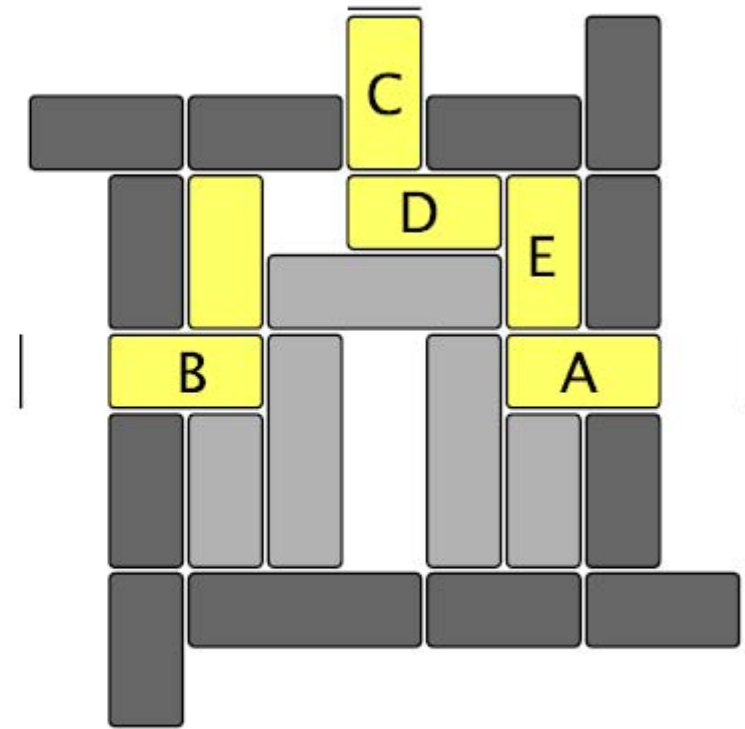


Rush Hour

[Hearn & Demaine 2002]



(b) AND

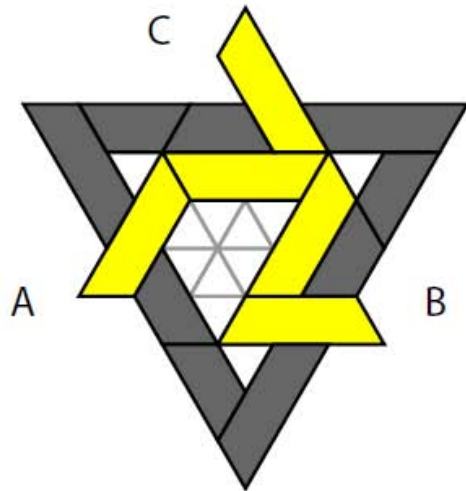
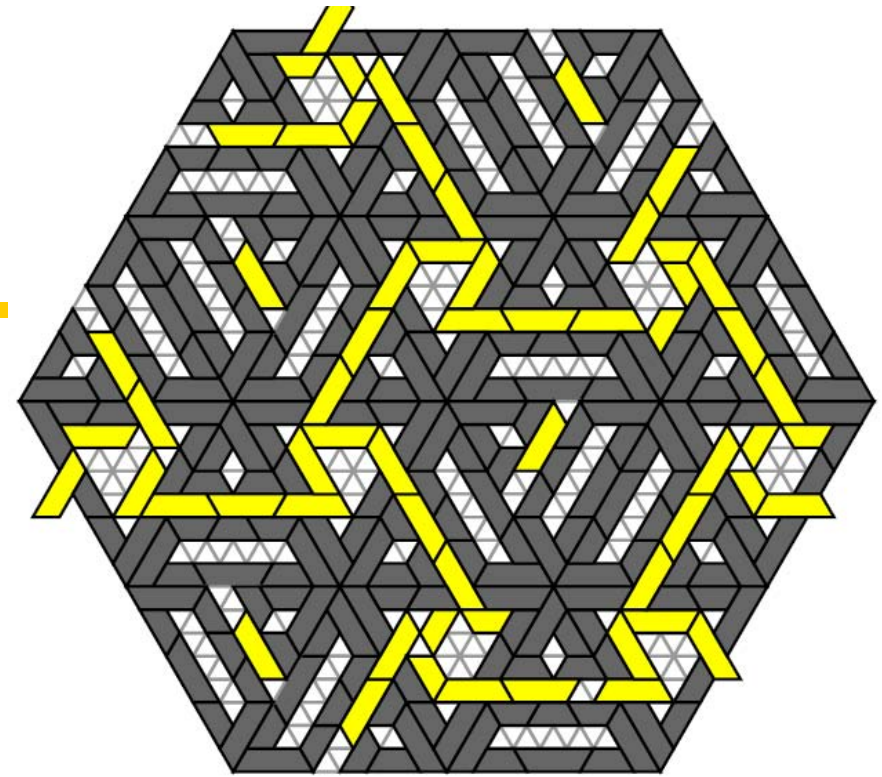


(c) Protected OR

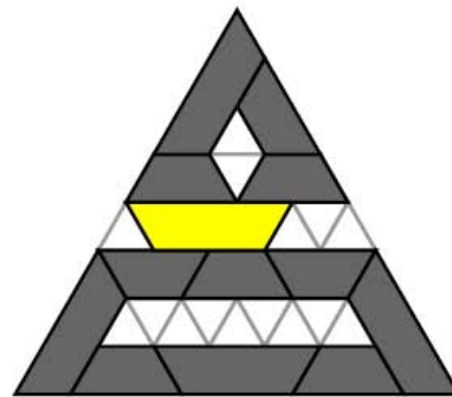
PSPACE-completeness known [Flake & Baum 2002]

Triangular Rush Hour

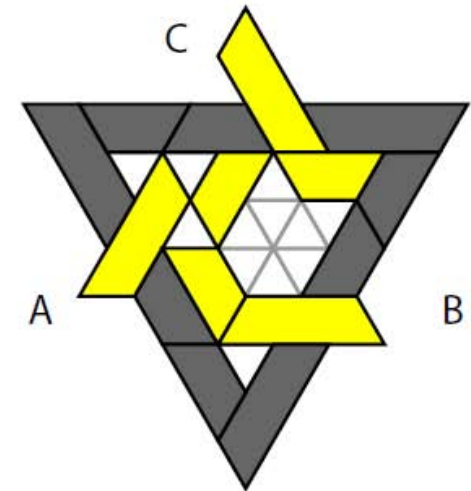
[Hearn & Demaine 2009]



(a) AND vertex



(b) Connector



(c) OR vertex

Open: 1×1 Rush Hour

[Tromp & Cilibrasi 2008]

- P or PSPACE-complete or ...?

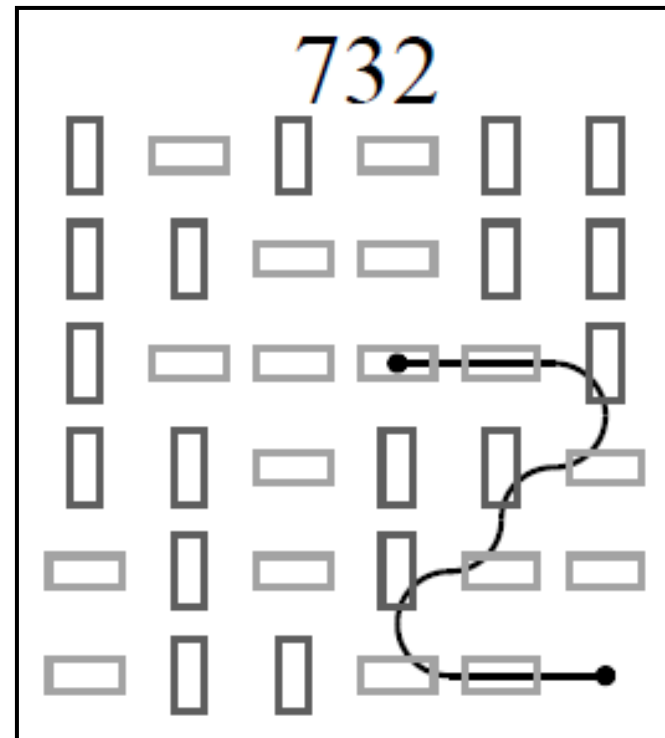
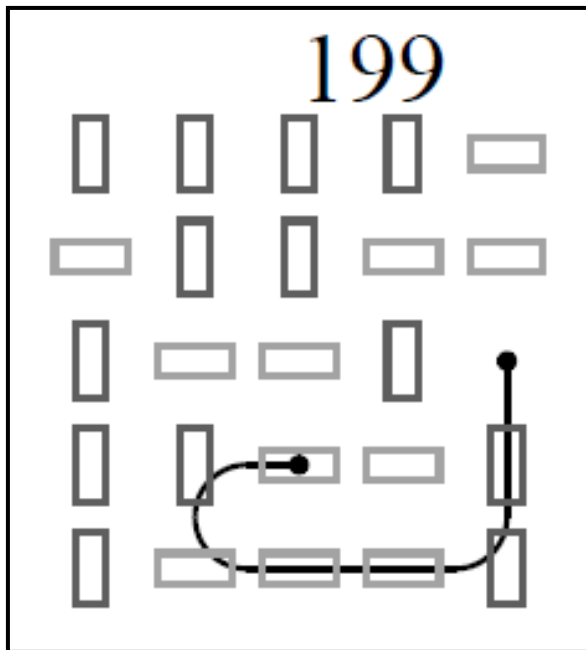
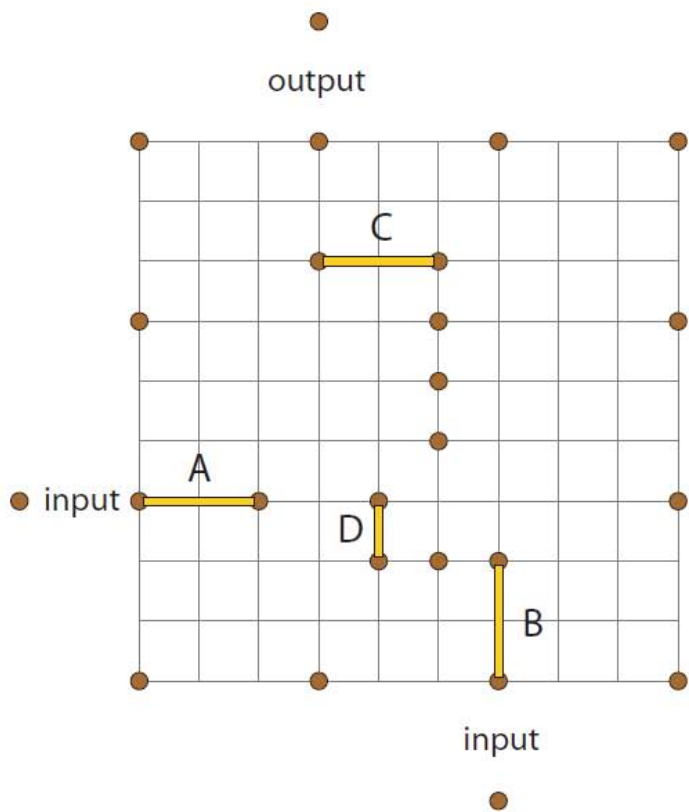
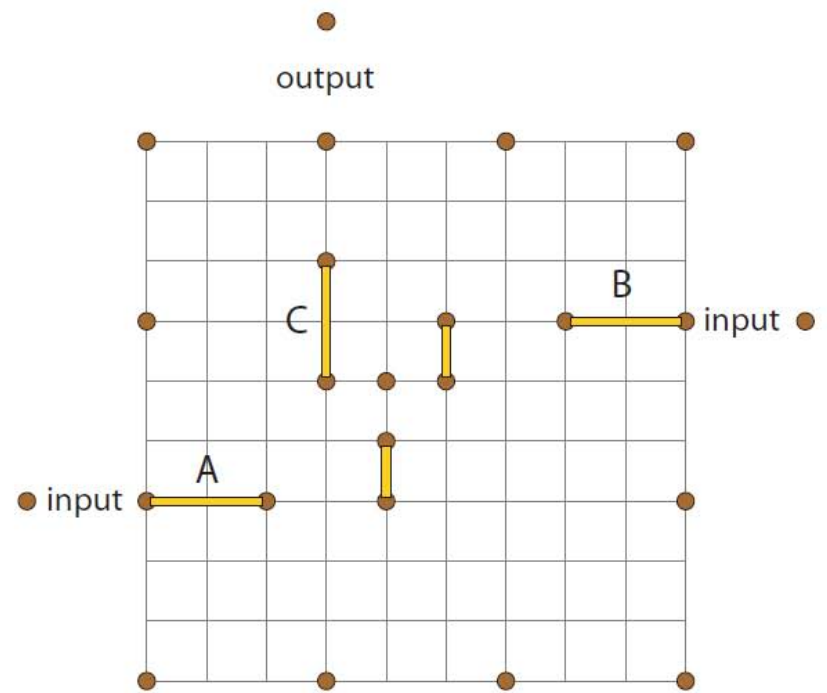


Image courtesy of John Tromp. Used with permission.

Plank Puzzles [Hearn 2004]



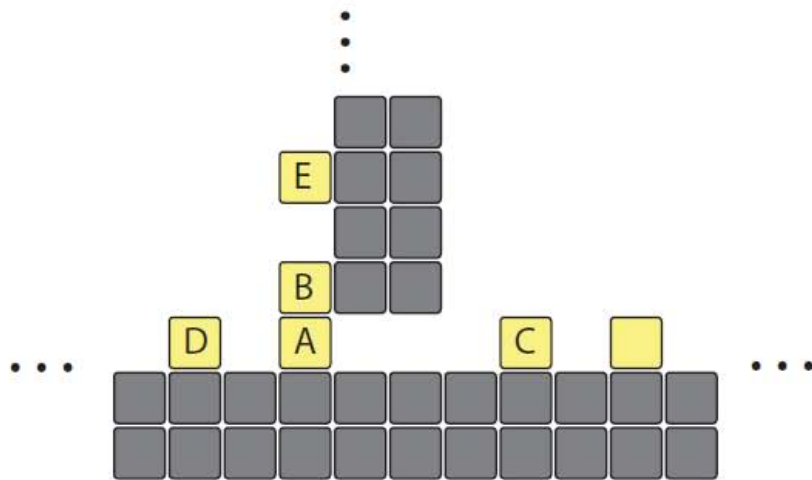
(a) AND



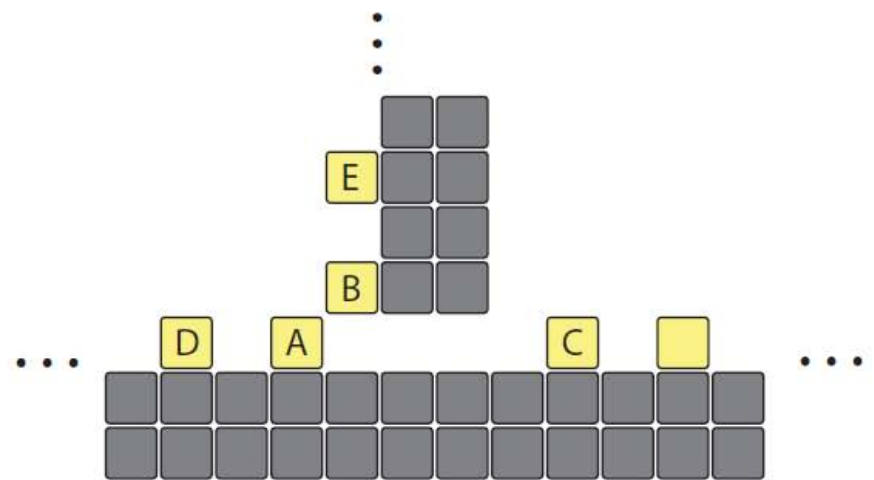
(b) OR

Sokoban

[Hearn & Demaine 2002]



(a) AND

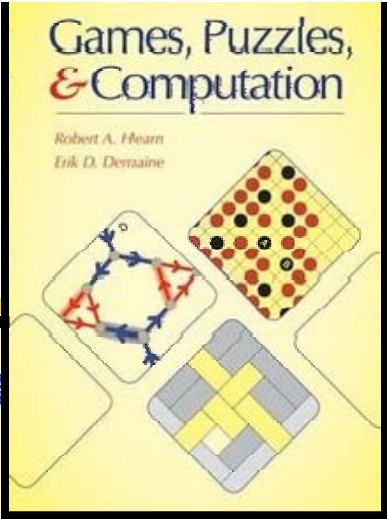


(b) OR

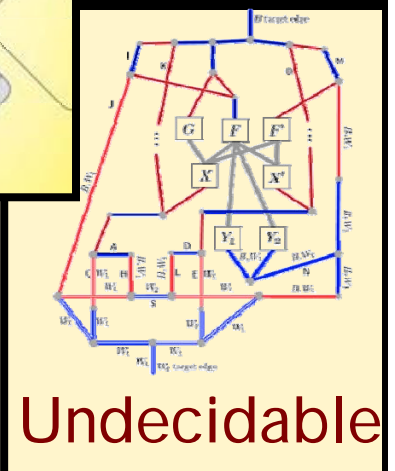
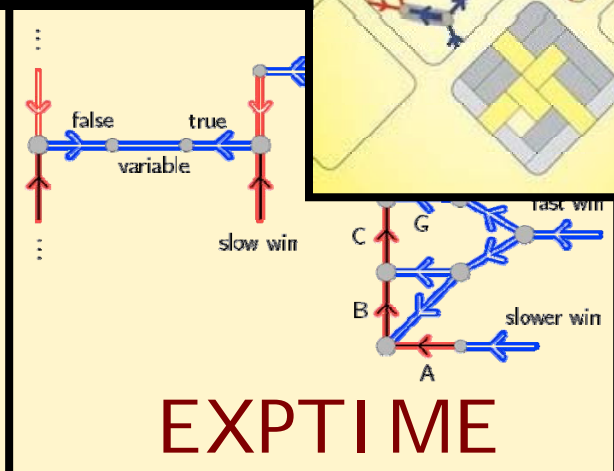
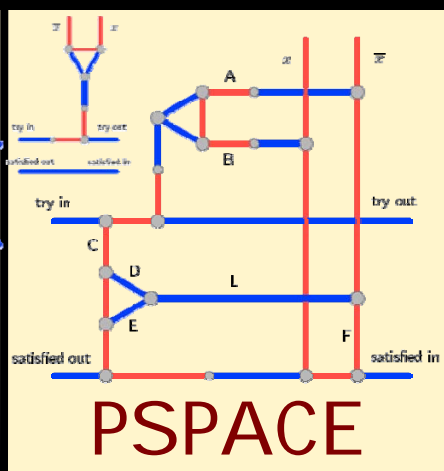
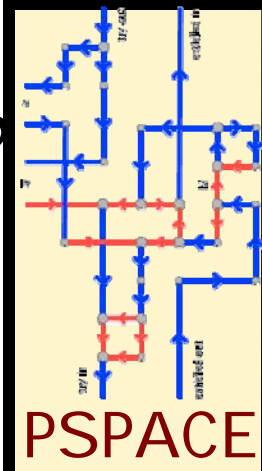
PSPACE-completeness known [Culberson 1998]

Constraint Logic

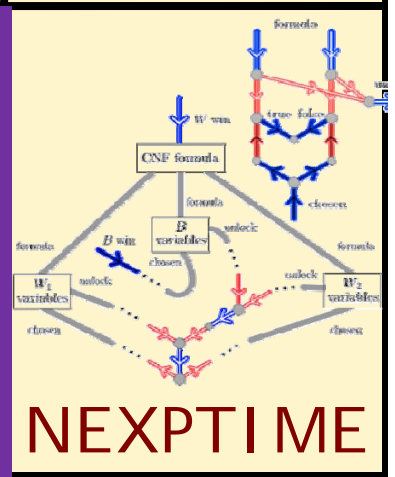
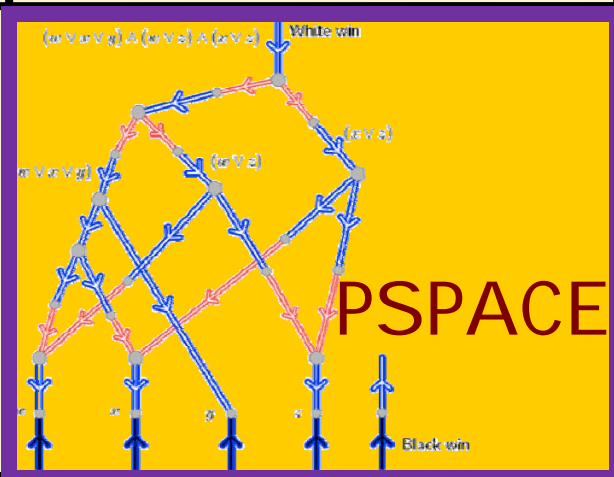
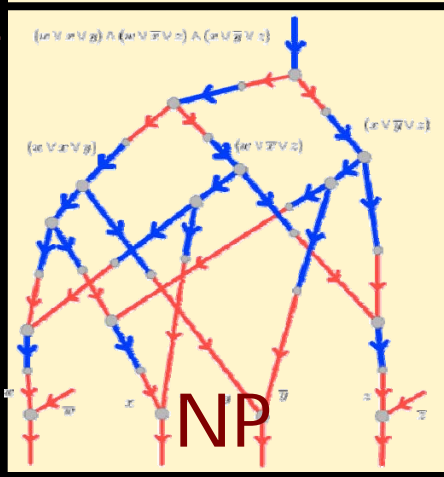
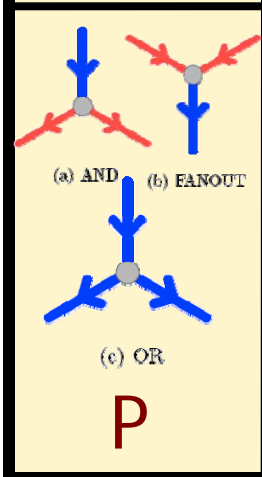
[Hearn & Demaine 2009]



unbounded



bounded



0 players
(simulation)

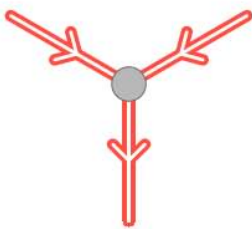
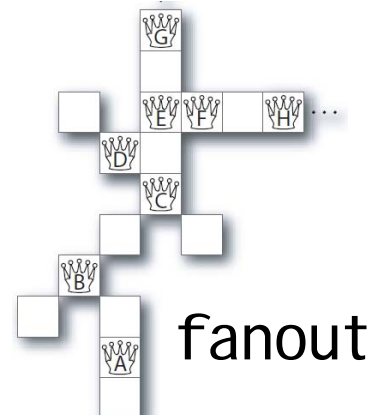
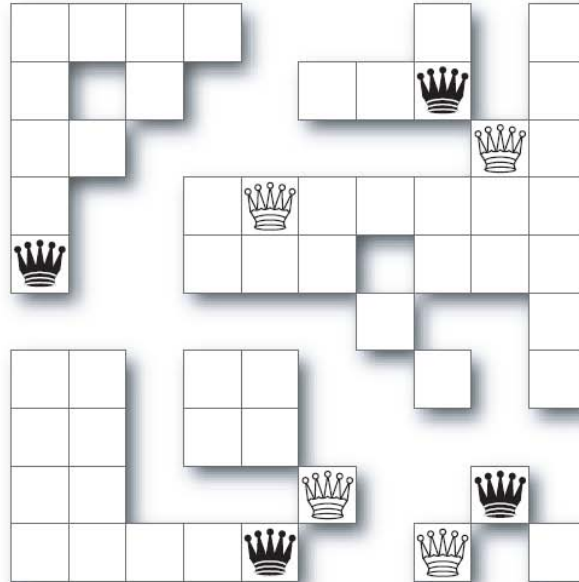
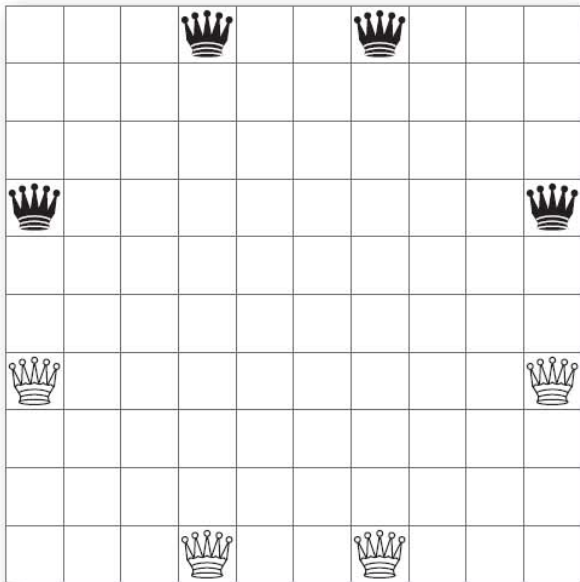
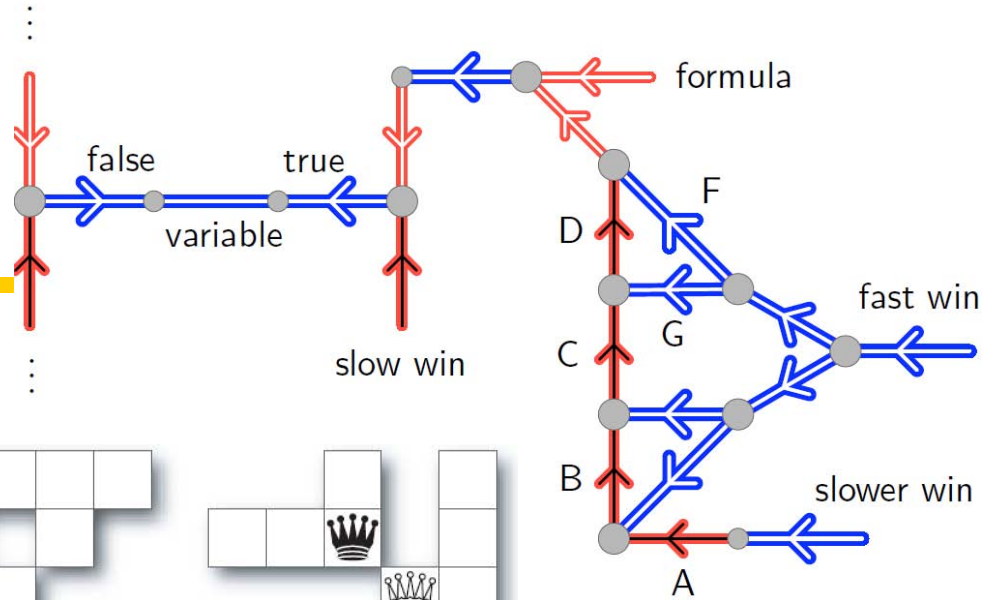
1 player
(puzzle)

2 players
(game)

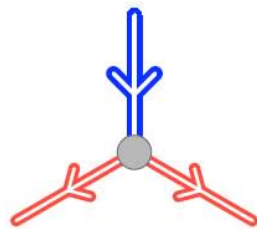
team,
imperfect info

Amazons

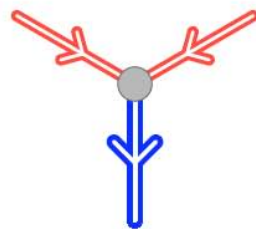
[Hearn 2005]



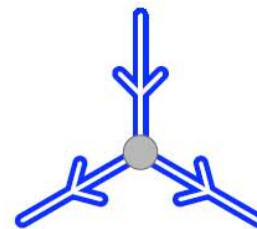
(a) CHOICE



(b) AND



(c) FANOUT



(d) OR



(e) VARIABLE

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SP.268 / ESG.SP268 The Mathematics in Toys and Games
Spring 2010

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