

15.320  
**Strategic Organizational  
Design**

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## Two key messages

- There are patterns in organizational design.
- Organizational design is changing.

# There are patterns in organizational design

- If you learn the common patterns, you don't need to keep rediscovering them.
- Companies that apply them well can gain significant strategic advantage.

# Organizational design is changing

- New, often more decentralized, patterns are becoming increasingly desirable.
- You will probably have opportunities in your career to invent or apply new organizational design patterns.

# Question

- How much of the intelligence of people throughout an organization can we use in a decentralized organization?

# What will this course include?

- Introduction
- Designing organizations for strategic goals
- Conclusion

# What is strategic organizational design?

- What does it mean?
- How is it “strategic”?
- How is it “organizational”?
- How is it “design”?

# Three lenses for analyzing organizations

- **Strategic design**
  - How can people configure organizations to achieve goals?
- **Political**
  - How do different stakeholders use power to achieve their goals?
- **Cultural**
  - How do “we do things around here”? How do attitudes, beliefs, and symbols shape the meanings people assign to situations?



# Three lenses for analyzing organizations



- **Strategic design**
  - How can people configure organizations to achieve goals?
- **Political**
  - How do different stakeholders use power to achieve their goals?
- **Cultural**
  - How do “we do things around here”? How do attitudes, beliefs, and symbols shape the meanings people assign to situations? What values does the organization embody?

# A definition

## Strategic organizational design--

- Configuring the *formal elements* of organizations  
(including structures, processes, incentives, contracts, and systems)
- to achieve specific *goals*
- in specific *environments*  
(including external competitors and internal culture and politics)

# How is strategic organizational design “strategic”?

- To design an organization well, you need to know the organization’s goals and strategy.
  - Organizational design is about translating vision and strategy into reality.
- Often, organizational design is at the heart of strategy.
  - Products alone are *not* the source of *sustainable* competitive advantage.
  - What is?

# Two main routes to competitive advantage

- Position
- Capabilities

From Saloner, G., Shepard, A., and Podolny, J. *Strategic Management* (2001). New York: John Wiley & Sons, Ch. 3.

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# How is organizational design related to competitive advantage?

- Organizational design is usually essential to advantage based on capabilities.
- Capabilities (and organizational design) can help create (or destroy) advantage based on position.
- In summary:
  - Organizational designs have to emphasize some things and not others.
  - They should emphasize the things that give sustainable competitive advantage.

# How is strategic organizational design “organizational”?

- Organizational design involves how to *organize* work:
  - Grouping
  - Linking
  - Aligning

# What is included in organizational design?

<b>Strategic Organizational Design</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Composition of organizational units</li><li>Reporting relationships among internal units</li><li>Contractual relationships with key external units</li><li>Other structural connections among units (including key management and other processes)</li><li>Organization-wide systems for information, measurement, incentives, control, and recruiting</li></ul>
<b>Operational Design</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Subunit work flows, processes, and resources (tools, materials)</li><li>Subunit reward systems</li><li>Subunit physical work environment</li><li>Individual job design</li></ul>

# Organizational design is a powerful organizational tool

- Organizational design is one of the few levers for change available to most managers.
  - Changes in strategy, people, culture are usually more limited or more difficult.
- It has the potential to massively change performance.
- It grabs attention.



# How is strategic organizational design “design”?

- Design is about how to *combine elements to achieve goals*.
  - Not just how to describe or predict or analyze things
- Design involves tradeoffs.
  - No one best answer for all situations.
- Design involves invention and innovation.
  - Creating new possibilities, not just analyzing or selecting among predefined options

# Conclusions

- If you know how to recognize and apply *classic* patterns of organizational design, you'll be better able to implement strategies effectively in many situations.
- If you know how to effectively invent or apply *innovative* organizational designs, you may be able to make this a key element of your whole strategy.

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