Module 11: Capacitors and Dielectrics

Demonstration: Dissectible Capacitor

Dielectrics

A dielectric is a non-conductor or insulator Examples: rubber, glass, waxed paper

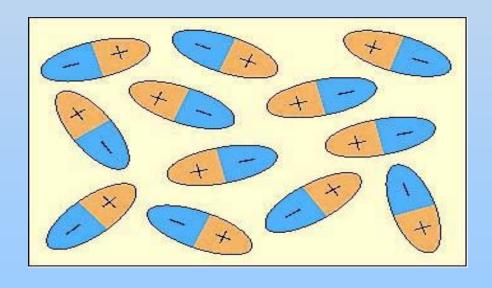
When placed in a charged capacitor, the dielectric reduces the potential difference between the two plates

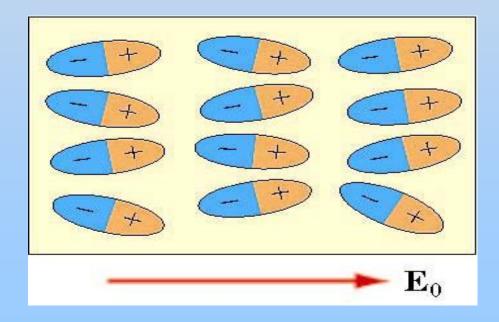
HOW???

Molecular View of Dielectrics

Polar Dielectrics:

Dielectrics with permanent electric dipole moments Example: Water

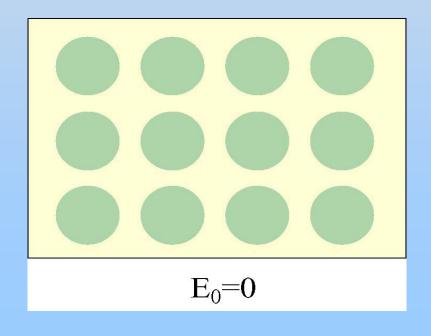


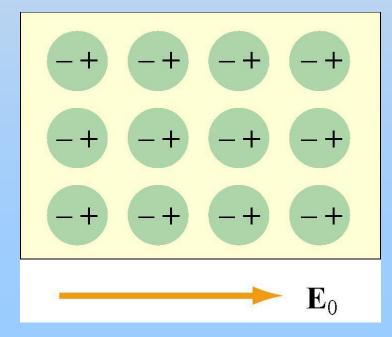


Molecular View of Dielectrics

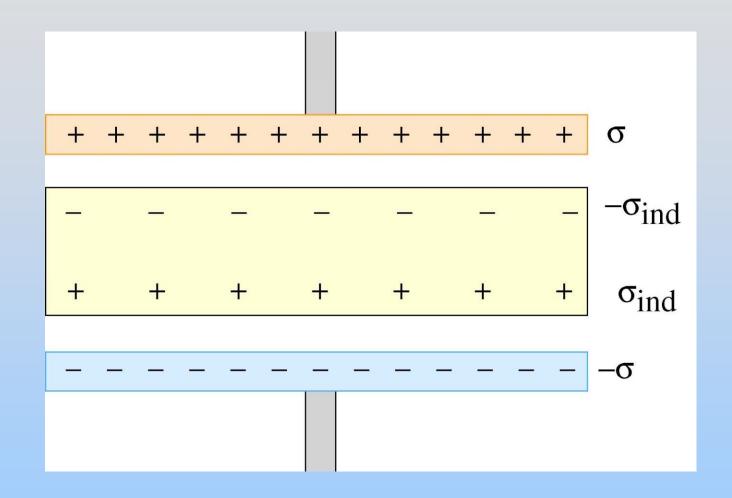
Non-Polar Dielectrics

Dielectrics with induced electric dipole moments Example: CH₄





Dielectric in Capacitor



Potential difference decreases because dielectric polarization decreases Electric Field!

Dielectric Constant K

Dielectric <u>weakens</u> original field by a factor K

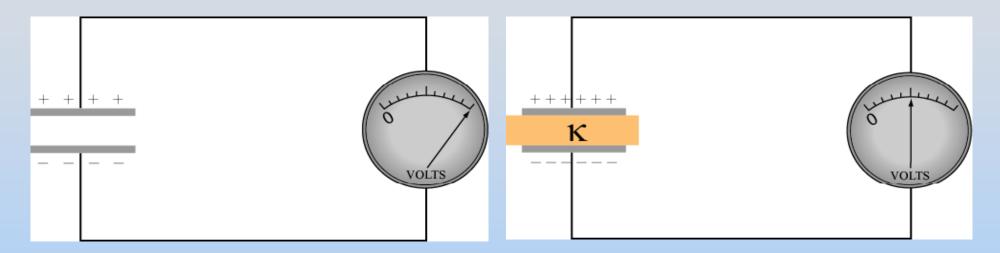
$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{K}\mathcal{E}_0 \longrightarrow E = \frac{E_0}{\mathcal{K}}$$
Dielectric Constant

Dielectric constants

| Dielectric constants | |
|----------------------|-----|
| Vacuum | 1.0 |
| Paper | 3.7 |
| Pyrex Glass | 5.6 |
| Water | 80 |

Dielectric in a Capacitor

Q₀= constant after battery is disconnected

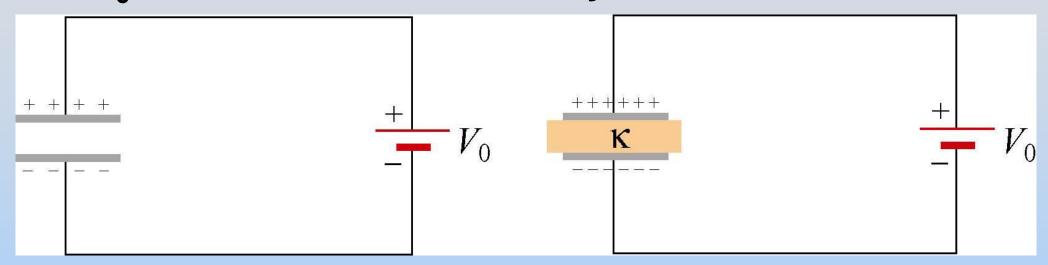


Upon inserting a dielectric: $V = \frac{V_0}{\kappa}$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{Q_0}{V_0 / \kappa} = \kappa \frac{Q_0}{V_0} = \kappa C_0$$

Dielectric in a Capacitor

 V_0 = constant when battery remains connected



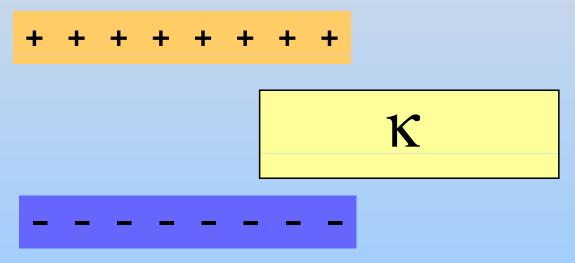
$$Q = CV = \kappa C_0 V_0$$

Upon inserting a dielectric: $Q = \kappa Q_0$

Concept Question Questions: Dielectric in a Capacitor

Concept Question: Dielectric

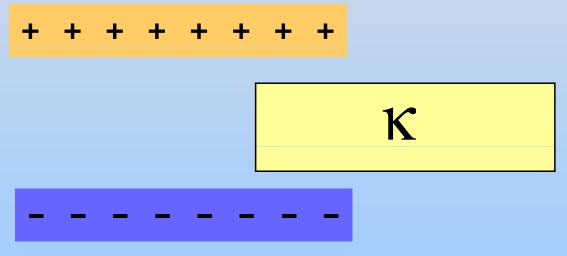
A parallel plate capacitor is charged to a total charge Q and the battery removed. A slab of material with dielectric constant κ in inserted between the plates. The **charge** stored in the capacitor



- 1. Increases
- 2. Decreases
- 3. Stays the Same

Concept Question: Dielectric

A parallel plate capacitor is charged to a total charge Q and the battery removed. A slab of material with dielectric constant κ in inserted between the plates. The **energy** stored in the capacitor

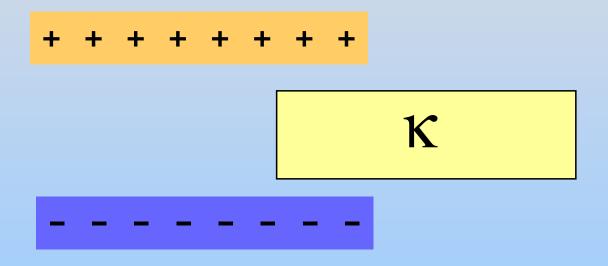


- 1. Increases
- 2. Decreases
- 3. Stays the Same

Concept Question: Dielectric

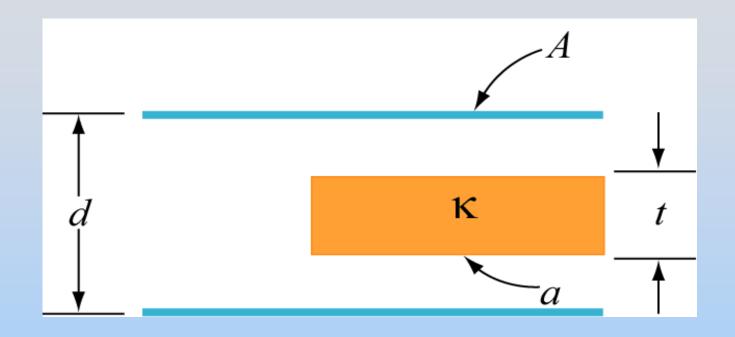
A parallel plate capacitor is charged to a total charge Q and the battery removed. A slab of material with dielectric constant κ in inserted between the plates.

The force on the dielectric



- 1. pulls in the dielectric
- 2. pushes out the dielectric
- is zero

Problem: Partially Filled Capacitor



What is the capacitance of this capacitor?

Gauss's Law with Dielectrics

$$\iint_{S} \kappa \vec{\mathbf{E}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}} = \frac{q_{\text{free,in}}}{\mathcal{E}_{0}}$$

MIT OpenCourseWare http://ocw.mit.edu

8.02SC Physics II: Electricity and Magnetism Fall 2010

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: http://ocw.mit.edu/terms.