

Chapter 15. Meeting 15, Workshop: Microphone Positioning and Recording Sessions

15.1. Announcements

- Mix Report 1 Due Monday 9 April
- Processing Report 2 comments and grades out tomorrow

15.2. Mid/Side Pairs

- Rather than capturing left and right, capture front and sides
- Combining cardioid and figure eight can result in dual-cardioid equivalence

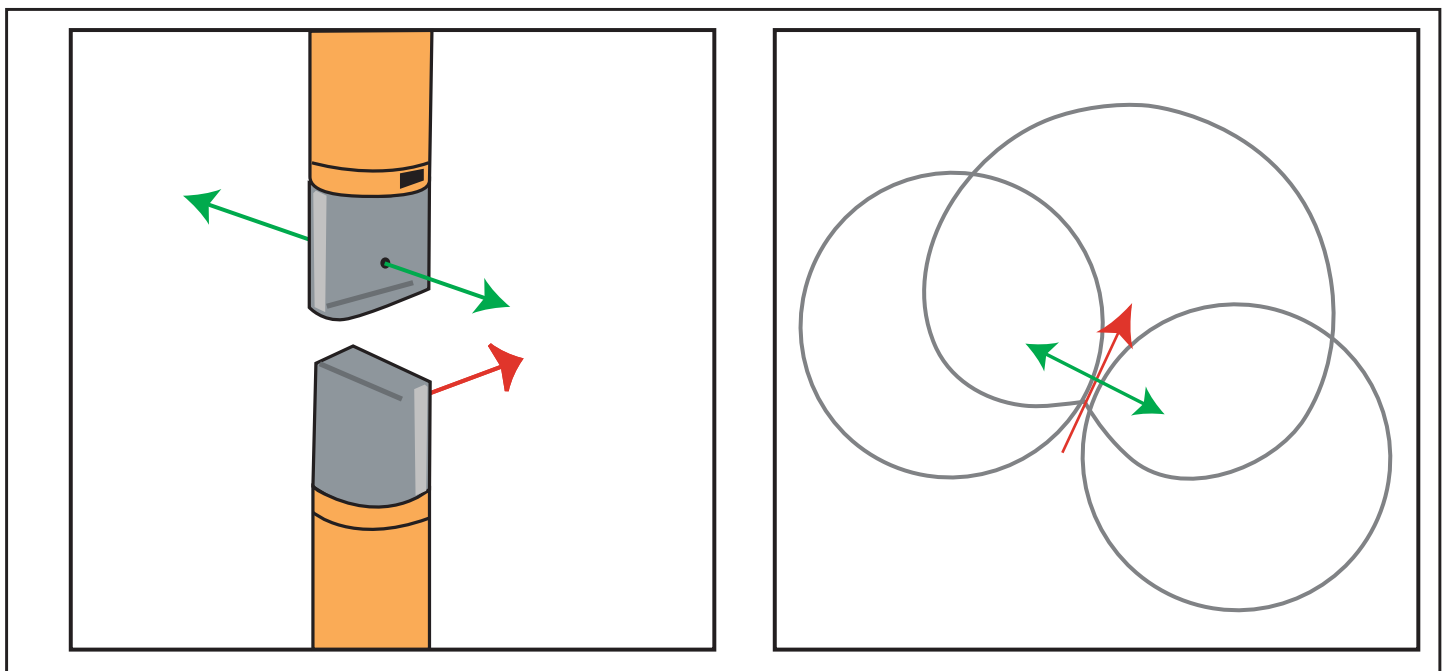
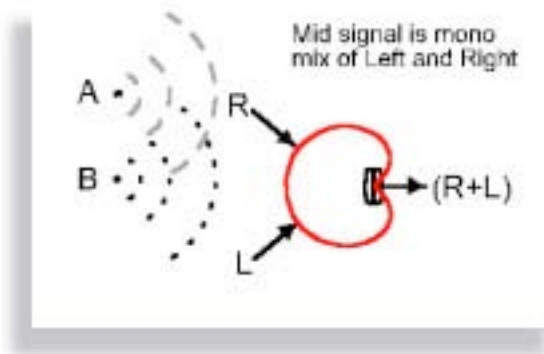


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- Cardioid (M) and Bipolar (S, positive on right)

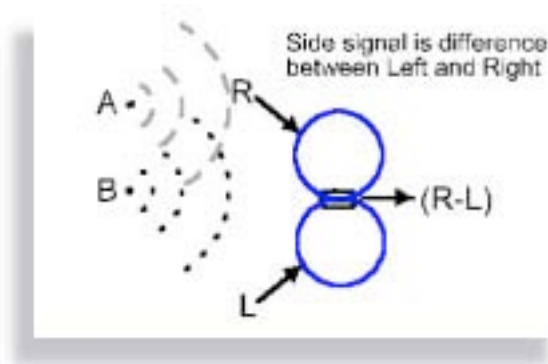
- Cardioid (M): receives coincident $R + L$



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- Bipolar (S): receives coincident $R - L$

Sounds arriving to the bipolar microphone are stamped with polarity



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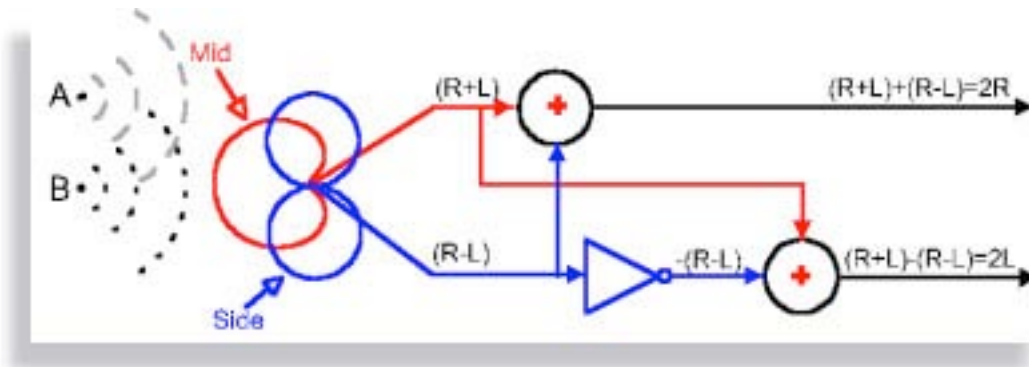
- Converting MS to LR

Take M ($R+L$) and add side ($R-L$): return $2R$

Or: take front and remove all signals in phase with the left (leaving the right-most capture)

Take M ($R+L$) and add inverse side ($-R+L$): return $2L$

Or: take front and remove all signals in phase with the right (leaving the left-most capture)

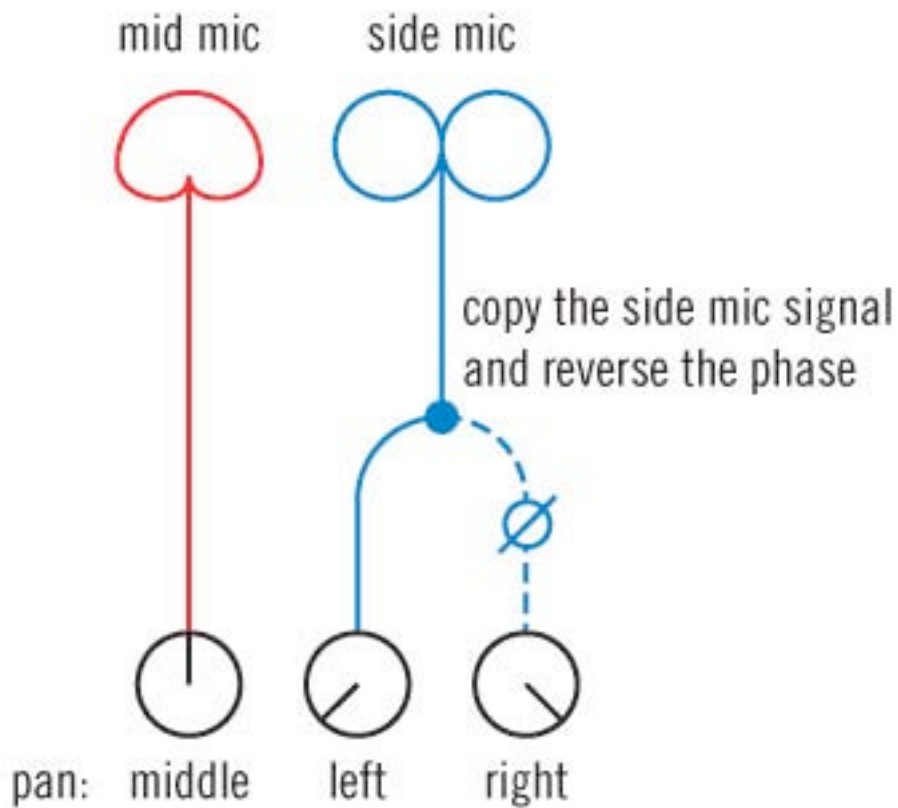


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- Summarized post processing of M/S to L/R signals
 - $L == (M + S) / 2$
 - $R == (M - S) / 2$
- Polarity of figure-eight mic is important: right is positive
- Decoding MS in a DAW requires three tracks

Side track is duplicated and panned hard left and hard right

Right side track is inverted (use Live Utility plugin)



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 Source: <http://www.uaudio.com/blog/mid-side-mic-recording/>

15.3. Mid-Side Advantages

- Can easily get an on-axis, mono capture
- Cardioid is on-axis: a potentially better-sound capture
- Can control width of stereo capture in mix

15.4. MOSS Microphones

- AKG C414 XL II (4)

Large-diaphragm condenser; multi polar pattern (cardioids, omni, figure-eight)



- Audio-Technica AT4041 (6)

Small-diaphragm condenser; cardioid polar pattern



- TC20mp (2)

Small-diaphragm condenser; omni polar pattern



- Mojave Audio MA-200 (1)

Large-diaphragm tube condenser; cardioid polar pattern



- Sennheiser MD 421 (2)

Dynamic; cardioid polar pattern



- Shure SM57 (2)

Dynamic; cardioid polar pattern



- Royer R-101 (1)

Ribbon; figure-eight polar pattern

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- AT M250DE (1)

Dual-element instrument microphone



- e604 (1)

Dynamic cardioid w/ more than 160 dB dynamic range

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- Blue enCORE 200 (4)
Active dynamic cardioid



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15.5. Stereo Positioning Review Sheet

- Coincident
 - XY: two cardioids, splay between 60 and 120 degrees
 - MS: one cardioid, one figure-eight, 90 degrees between mid and side
 - Blumlein: two figure eights at 90 degrees
- Near-coincident

- ORTF: two cardioids, 6.7 inches apart, 55 degrees splay from forward
- NOS: two cardioids, 11.8 inches apart, 45 degrees from forward
- Faulkner: two figure-eights, 7.9 inches apart, facing forward
- Spaced
 - AB: two omnis spaced between 2 and 10 feet (or more) apart

15.6. Procedure

1. Review Mics
2. Groups

Each group contains 3 or 4 students (names removed for privacy)

3. Setup stereo configuration based on assignment on card
4. Identify and describe adjacent microphone configuration

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