

## Extension Ratio

$$\lambda = \frac{L}{L_0} = \frac{L_0 + \delta}{L_0} = 1 + \frac{\delta}{L_0} = 1 + \epsilon$$

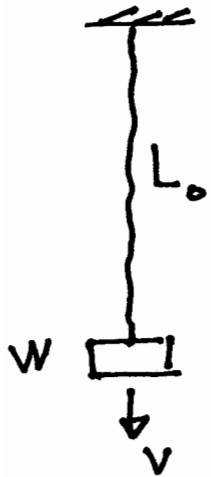
volume change:



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Delta V}{V} &= \frac{abc - a_0 b_0 c_0}{a_0 b_0 c_0} \\ &= \frac{\lambda_x a_0 \cdot \lambda_y b_0 \cdot \lambda_z c_0 - a_0 b_0 c_0}{a_0 b_0 c_0} \\ &= \lambda_x \lambda_y \lambda_z - 1 \end{aligned}$$

for rubber  $\Delta V = 0 \rightarrow \lambda_x \lambda_y \lambda_z = 1$

# Bungee!



$$WL_0 = \frac{A_0 L_0}{2} \cdot NkT \left( \lambda^2 + \frac{2}{\lambda} - 3 \right)$$

$$\frac{W}{A_0 L} = \frac{1}{6} \left( \lambda^2 + \frac{2}{\lambda} - 3 \right)$$

for  $\lambda = 3$ ,  $E = 1000 \text{ psi}$

$$A_0 = 1.35 \text{ in}^2 \quad (d_0 = 1.31 \text{ in})$$

- Uniaxial extension

$$\lambda_x = \lambda, \lambda_y = \lambda_z = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$F = \frac{dW}{dL} = \frac{d(V \cdot \Delta W_v)}{L_0 d\lambda} = A_0 \frac{NkT}{2} \left( 2\lambda - \frac{2}{\lambda^2} \right)$$

$$\sigma_{\text{eng}} = \frac{F}{A_0} = NkT \left( \lambda - \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \right)$$

- Biaxial extension  $\lambda_x = \lambda_y = \lambda$

$$\lambda_z = \frac{1}{\lambda_x \lambda_y}$$

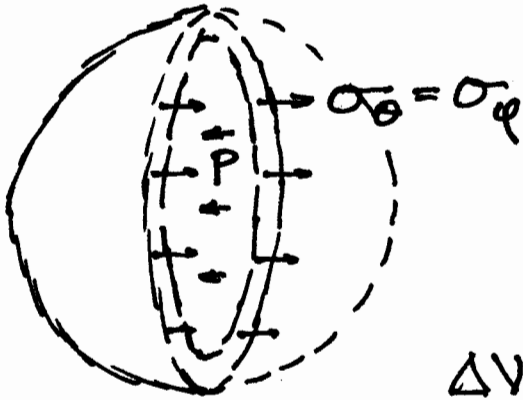
$$\Delta W_v = V \cdot \frac{NkT}{2} \left( \lambda^2 + \lambda^2 + \frac{1}{\lambda^4} - 3 \right)$$

$$F_x = \frac{\partial(\Delta W_v)}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{x_0} \frac{\partial(\Delta W_v)}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{x_0} \cdot V \frac{NkT}{2} \left( 4\lambda - \frac{4}{\lambda^5} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x_0 z}{x \lambda} \cdot 2NkT \left( \lambda - \frac{1}{\lambda^5} \right)$$

$$\sigma_{\text{true}} = \frac{F_x}{4z} = 2NkT \left( \lambda^2 - \frac{1}{\lambda^4} \right)$$

# Spherical Balloon



$$\sigma_\theta (2\pi r \cdot b) = P \cdot \pi r^2$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \sigma_\phi = \frac{Pr}{2b}$$

$$\Delta V = 0 \rightarrow 4\pi r^2 b = 4\pi r_0^2 b_0$$

$$\rightarrow b = b_0 \left[ \frac{r_0}{r} \right]^2 = \frac{b_0}{\lambda_r^2}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{2} \cdot \frac{r_0 \lambda_r}{b_0 \lambda_r^2} = \frac{Pr_0}{2b_0} \lambda_r^3 = 2G \left( \lambda_r^2 - \frac{1}{\lambda_r} \right)$$

$$\frac{Pr_0}{4b_0 G}$$

