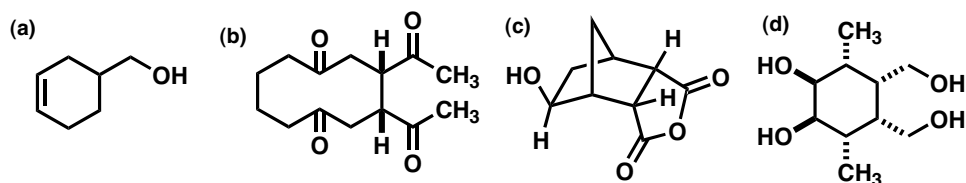


Problem Set #3

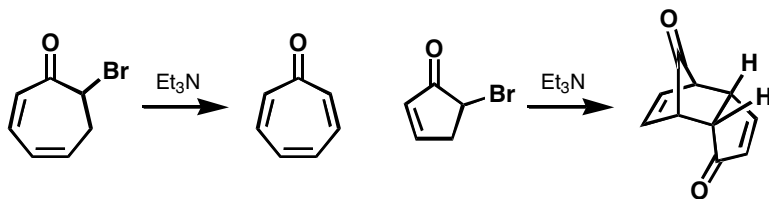
Molecular Orbital Theory and Pericyclic Reactions

**DUE DATE: Thursday, October 16, 2003 at 12 noon**

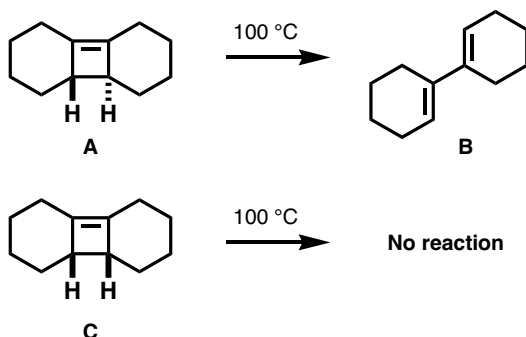
1. Problem 15-30, Wade, p. 676 (15-30, p. 687 in 4<sup>th</sup> edition)
2. Problem 15-33, Wade, p. 676 (15-33, p. 688 in 4<sup>th</sup> edition)
3. Using retrosynthetic analysis, propose a synthesis of each of the molecules below using a Diels-Alder reaction in each case. Starting with the Diels-Alder reaction you decide to use, write your synthesis in the "forward" direction, showing all steps and reagents necessary.



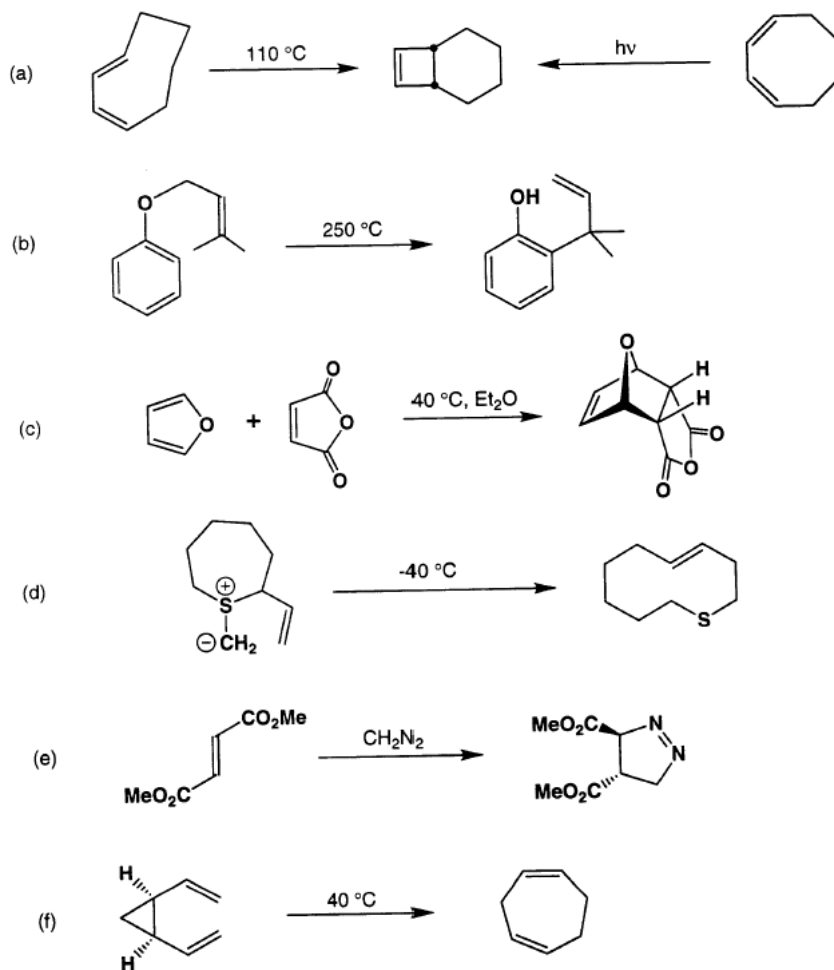
4. Base-promoted elimination of 7-bromo-2,4-cycloheptadien-1-one provides cycloheptatrienone as expected, but in the five-membered ring series, only a "dimeric" product is obtained. Explain.



5. Compound **A** undergoes a ring-opening reaction when heated at 100 °C, but no reaction occurs when **C** is subjected to the same conditions. Suggest a mechanism for the conversion of **A** to **B**, identify the type of reaction involved, and explain why **C** does not undergo a similar transformation.



6. Name the type of pericyclic reaction involved in each of the following reactions. Classify each according to the Woodward-Hoffmann rules. That is, indicate how many electrons are involved in each case and comment on the stereochemical course of the reaction where relevant.



7. Propose a synthesis of **D** from 2,6-dimethylphenol, iodomethane, and *trans*-1-bromo-2-butene. Use any inorganic reagents (e.g. acids, bases, Lewis acids, etc.) necessary, but no other carbon-containing compounds. Write your synthesis in the forward direction, and show arrow-pushing mechanisms for each step.

