

Antioxidants as Potential Therapy for Human Diseases

- Aging - Correlative (dietary antioxidants correlated with longevity)
- Stem Cell Loss and Dysfunction - Unknown/untested in human models
- Diabetes - Inconclusive (may help with secondary complications)
- Neurodegenerative Diseases - Shows promise in animal models (conflicting data in clinical trials using NAC, vit E., lipid peroxidation inhibitors; promise in ischemic injury)
- Heart Disease - Inconclusive (randomized trials don't show significant benefits; in cases of low HDL, vit. supplements can reduce efficacy of drugs used to raise HDL levels).
- Cancer - Unpromising

Tumor Cells and Elevated ROS Levels

- Most oncogenes produces ROS that modulate tumor growth and invasiveness (last week's discussion)
- Cells derived from tumors typically have high ROS levels
- The problem is: Relative to what?
- Comparing a normal cell to a tumor cell may not be relevant since they might have different metabolic rates that complicate the comparison.
- A partial solution: Use of isogenic cell lines